The Pittsburgh Gazette.

ESTABLISHED JULY 12, 1786. PITTSBURGH, SATURDAY, JULY 10, 1875. VOL. 89.—NO. 162.

FIRST EDITION.

DARING OUTRAGE.

Bold Attempt to Rob an Express Car.

A Locomotive Boarded and the Engineer Killed.

Foiled by the Bravery of an Express Messenger.

TERRE HAUTE, IND., July 9.—Long Point, a station on the Vandalia Railroad, three miles west of Casey, Illinois, is a place where all trains on that road usually stop for water. It is a lonesome place, situated in the woods, with no one living within a mile and a half of it. It has long been considered by the railroad men as a dangerous place. Several times lately the engineers have seen suspicious persons lurking about there at night, and have run by without stopping for water.

Boarding the Locomotive.

Last night at midnight, as train No. 5, east bound, Conductor Fraley, and Engineer Miles Ames, came up to Long Point for water, two men boarded the locomotive, one from each side, and said to the engineer: "Pull out." The engineer was at first somewhat bewildered, when they said again "pull out," when he, seeming to comprehend the situation, said, "all right, I'll pull out." The men then said: "We will run the thing ourselves," and at that both the robbers fired. One of the shots killed the engineer instantly, and the other lodged in the cab. The fireman, who was on the tank taking in water, immediately jumped and ran to the rear of the train to notify the train men, having heard the conversation, and comprehending the situation. During these proceedings at the engine, a confederate had detached the Adams Express car, and they then, pulling the engine wide open, ran her about two miles east and stopped, blowing off brakes to deceive the Express Messenger.

Attacking the Express Car.

They then came to the door of the car and said: "Let me in, Jack." He replied to them "You damned rascals, I'm ready for you. If you ever come in here you are dead men." The robbers then commenced firing into the car. The messenger (Burke) said it seemed to him there were a dozen of them, as the shots seemed to come from all directions. The conductor and trainmen after the shots were fired, saw the situation of affairs and at once pursued them. They could only find one revolver on the train, but found two soldiers on the train who were armed with carbines. With these weapons the train men and the two soldiers started in pursuit of the train and the robbers, but when they came up to the train all was quiet, the robbers having fled. They found the engineer in the bottom of his cab.

Cold and Stiff.

There chanced to be a freight engineer, Jack Vandergrift, on the train, and he, with the fireman, immediately ran the engine back to the train and brought it in. The robbers failed to gain any entrance whatever into the express car, it being one of the close kind, having no windows and very strong every way. Had they detached the American Express car also, which was immediately in the rear of the Adams, they would undoubtedly have accomplished their object, as it was an open car, having windows, the doors not being very strong. They found the hammer by which the coupling pin was knocked out, and which may hereafter serve as a clue to the discovery of the perpetrators of the outrage.

Bravery of the Express Messenger.

The train men speak in very flattering terms of the pluck and bravery displayed by the Express Messenger, Burke, under the trying circumstances in which he was placed.

There is intense feeling among the railroad men over the death of Engineer Ames, and should the perpetrators be caught, it is very generally believed that they will not cost the State anything to prosecute them. Engineer Ames was one of the best engineers on the road. He was about thirty-five years old, and had been married but a short time.

The robbers who boarded the locomotive wore long linen dusters. Conductor Fraley and all the train men, in fact, did all they could under the circumstances. Several suspicious persons are already under arrest, and every effort will be made by the railroad company to bring the robbers to justice. They have, it is understood, already offered a reward of $1,000.

The particulars have been gathered from one of the train men, who was a witness of the whole affair.

Later.

ST. LOUIS, July 9.—A good deal of information was received here to-day regarding the murder of Engineer Ames and the attempted robbery of the Vandalia Railroad train at Long Point last night. But the main facts of the affair are fully covered by the account from Terre Haute this morning. Major Simpson, General Superintendent of the Vandalia road, received a dispatch stating that three men had been arrested, one of whom is known to have been engaged in the murder.

Rewards.

The Vandalia Company has offered a reward of $1,000 for each man connected with the affair. The City Council of Casey has offered one hundred and fifty dollars reward, and this sum is expected to be largely increased by the county and State authorities.

Engineer Ames was a native of Washington, Mass., where he has a brother. Another brother is a conductor on the Missouri Pacific Railroad.

OBITUARY.

General Frank P. Blair.

ST. LOUIS, July 9.—General Frank P. Blair, Jr., died at half-past eleven o'clock last night. Although General Blair had been sick a long time, without any hope of recovery, his death was sudden and, at the time, unexpected.

It seems that the immediate cause was a fall he received while walking from one room to another in his house. He had been out for a drive in the afternoon, returned about 5 o'clock, and seemed to have enjoyed it much, and received considerable benefit. But while walking in his room was attacked with dizziness, and fell, striking his temple against a piece of furniture, which rendered him insensible. Medical aid was immediately summoned and every effort made to restore him to consciousness, but without success, and at half past 11 he quietly passed away, surrounded by all the members of his family. His parents have been telegraphed and will probably arrive here in time for the funeral on Sunday. The family desire a quiet funeral, but the members of the old First Missouri Regiment, of which Gen. Blair was its first Colonel, have called a meeting and decided to accompany the remains of their old commander to his grave, and other organizations may determine to do likewise.

Daniel G. Lobdell.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 9.—Daniel G. Lobdell, Supervising Special Agent of the Treasury Department, died this morning after a short illness, aged 67.

THE WEATHER.

OFFICE OF THE OBSERVER, UNITED STATES SIGNAL SERVICE, PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 9, 1875.

Local Observations.

Time.	Bar.	Ther.	Humidt.	Wind.	Weather
7 A. M.	30.071	73	67	S.	Fair.
2 P. M.	29.983	81	52	N. E.	Cloudy.
9 P. M.	29.919	75	72	Calm.	Cloudy.

Mean Barometer, 29.973.
Mean Thermometer, 76.
Highest Thermometer, 87.
Lowest Thermometer, 64.

L. A. WELSH.
Sergt., Sig. Service, U. S. A.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
WASHINGTON, 1 A. M., July 10, 1875.

Probabilities for To-Day.

For the Middle and Eastern States, falling barometer, southeast to southwest winds, partly cloudy weather, and occasional rains.

The Mississippi river will continue slowly rising from St. Louis to Vicksburg.

The Election in Quebec.

QUEBEC, July 9.—Returns of the election for members of the Provincial Legislature have been received from the entire province. The Government party claim a majority of fifteen, while the opposition only concede a majority of five.

The Vicksburg "Disturbance."

The telegram from Vicksburg on the 4th of July, relating that a disturbance had occurred at a negro celebration of the day, contained but a small portion of the truth. It seems that some white roughs forced a quarrel with colored men who were celebrating the Fourth with enthusiasm, and amused themselves by committing murder. The accounts given in the Vicksburg papers, falsified as they are, show the horrible nature of the bloody outrage. The orator of the day, who is charge with making a "most incendiary speech," was telling the truth when he mentioned that the Declaration of Independence meant something for the blacks only after the surrender at Appomattox.—*Cincinnati Commercial.*

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, July 9, 1875.

No Refund of Over-Paid Licenses.

The beer manufacturers who had taken out a one hundred dollar license to manufacture beer, and finding the quantity manufactured by them required only a license of fifty dollars, made application for a refund to that amount. The matter being referred to the First Comptroller of the Treasury, that officer finds nothing in law allowing such refund, and decides in opposition to the application of the manufacturers, and will contest the point in the courts.

85 Notes Called In.

The Comptroller desires to retire all circulating notes of the denomination of five dollars of the following banks, notes of that denomination having been successfully counterfeited: The First, Third and Traders' National Banks of Chicago; First National Bank of Paxton, Ill.; and First National Bank of Canton, Ill. National Banks throughout the country are requested to return all notes of these banks of the denomination of five dollars to the Treasury for redemption, and no additional issue will hereafter be issued to these banks.

National Bank Reports.

The Comptroller of the Currency has called upon National Banks for reports showing their condition at the close of business on Wednesday, June 30.

THE GALLOWS.

Mark Brown Executed for the Murder of Sylvester Carr.

NEW YORK, July 9.—Mark Brown was executed at Monticello, N. Y., to-day, for the murder of Sylvester Carr, of Marton, Sullivan county. He made a long speech from the scaffold. His wife and children remained with him to the last. The body was given to the relatives for burial.

Keely's New Motor.

CHICAGO, July 9.—Nicholas Thomas, a mechanic in the car-shops here, states that he has been working for a long time on the principle which developed Keely's new motor, and that he had some time ago arrived at the same conclusions as Mr. Keely, but was not quite ready to give the result of his investigations to the public. He affirms that the motor is all that is claimed, and that it will work a revolution in all branches of industry.

STATE BREVITIES.

HAY-MAKING has commenced in real earnest.

THE wool clip of the present season is said to be the largest ever sheared in the country.

MISS CAROLINE ROWE, daughter of William Rowe, of Erie, while on a visit to a married sister at Indianapolis, was thrown from a wagon one day last week and so severely injured that she died three days after.

A CHERRY tree in Berks county was stripped of 200 quarts of fruit last week, and it is estimated that its further yield this season will be 100 quarts. Sixty-eight trees on the same farm are expected to yield an aggregate of 11,000 quarts.

THERE is but little change to note in the local wool market. Some of our country friends report that there is an "offish" disposition on the part of buyers, and in consequence but little wool has changed hands during the past week.—*Washington (Pa.) Observer.*

THE Cambridge *Index* says that Mr. William Briley, of Union City, an Englishman by birth and a teamster by profession, has just received the glad news of a fortune amounting to seventy thousand dollars awaiting him in Manchester, left by a deceased brother.

THE announcement is made that a meeting of the members of all the committees appointed by the people in Washington county to raise stock for surveys of the Peoples' Freight Railway will be held in the Court House, that place, on Friday, July 29, at 1 o'clock P. M., to take measures for concerted action in securing the surveys of the road. The State Committee will meet at Connellsville on a subsequent day to take united action for securing the completion of the surveys through the five counties—Washington, Fayette, Somerset, Bedford, and Fulton, and thus finishing the survey through the State. The Chief Engineer will be present at these meetings. Push the good work along.

SUMMER PESTS.

Methods of Destroying the Colorado Beetle.

A correspondent of the New York *Tribune* says the best and safest way to destroy the potato bug is to take a deep pan or tin pail about ten inches or a foot in diameter at the top, and, holding it with the left hand under the vine on which the bugs are feeding, hit the vine one or two quick taps with the right hand. The first tap will knock nearly every bug off into the pan or pail, especially if they are half grown or more. Then take the bugs and put them in a stove in which there is a hot fire and close the top, but open all the drafts and dampers, so that all gas from the burning bugs may pass up the chimney. This is a much quicker way than picking them off one at a time, and safer and full as effectual as Paris green or any of the poisons used. This plan was adopted by many in the West at the time the bugs were so numerous there, and I have tried it here, and think I have succeeded better than those who have used Paris green. There is no danger in using the bare hand to knock them off with, provided there are no sores on it, and it is kept away from the face and eyes until thoroughly washed; but to prevent all danger, it is a good plan to put a glove on the right hand, buckskin or kid being the best. In this way a person can go over a large patch twice a day, and in two or three days will have most of the bugs out of the way. It is well, also, to look the vines over and take off all leaves having the eggs deposited on them, (they will always be found on the under side of the leaf, not of the potato alone, but sometimes on weeds growing near potatoes,) and burn them. If this is attended to as soon as the full grown bugs make their appearance it saves a great deal of trouble, as the eggs are found in bunches of from twenty-five to one hundred on a leaf.

A MAYOR DEPOSED.

The Result of a Honeymoon.

The *Pall Mall Gazette* says: "Scarcely less painful to hear of than the execution of a monarch is the deposition of a Mayor. This event has just occurred at Ashton under circumstances that cannot fail to excite sympathy with the deposed functionary. The terrible sentence was carried into effect at a special meeting of the town council on Wednesday, held for the purpose of declaring the Mayoralty vacant, owing to the Mayor having been absent from the borough for more than two months. A resolution to this effect having been moved, it was stated by one of the councillors that the Mayor admitted he was by strict letter of the law disqualified. He went away to spend his honeymoon, and while in Rome his wife was taken ill of what was called Roman fever. She was laid up for three weeks, and the Mayor was, of course, detained. A rather warm discussion ensued, one of the sympathizers with the Mayor observing that 'he could not adequately characterize the animus and the taste which had dictated the policy which was sought to be carried out.' On the other hand, another councillor remarked that 'the Conservative members were only endeavoring to carry out the strict letter of the law, and they entirely denied and repudiated that they were influenced by personal motives.' In the end, it was decided on a division, by 16 votes to 11, to depose the Mayor who had thus preferred his domestic to his official duties. This seems rather sharp practice. Mayors are but human creatures after all, and a little latitude might surely be allowed them during their honeymoons."

The English Failures.

A London correspondent, writing of the recent English failures, speaks of them as numerous and startling. The first of these was that of Messrs. Collie & Co., closely followed by announcements of other suspensions, all more or less the consequence of the Collie failure. The following is a list of the failures known up to the 20th of June:

Name.	Liabilities.
Collie & Co., India merchants	$15,000,000
Young, Borthwick & Co., bill brokers	12,500,000
J. P. Westhead & Co., merchants	1,500,000
Medlock Smallware Co., merch'ts	.....
John Strachan & Co., India mer's	1,000,000
John Anderson & Co., India mr's	450,000
Henry Adamson & Sons, ship b's	.....
Malcolm, Hudson & Co., Jap. mer.	.....
J. C. Fowlie, India merchant	.....
A. Gonzales & Co., merchants	.....
O. Phillips & Co., Colonial b'krs	.....
Robt. Benson & Co., Amer. mr'ts	5,000,000
N. Alexander, Son & Co., Ind. mer	1,500,000

Here is a total of $36,000,000, exclusive of the losses that may be incurred by the six firms above named whose liabilities are not yet ascertained. The whole amount of liabilities of the thirteen bankrupt firms may be put down at $40,000,000. But the assets of these houses are very considerable, and the ultimate loss to their creditors will probably not exceed half of that sum.

SECOND EDITION

FOREIGN NEWS.

Banquet to the American Riflemen in Belfast.

Their Departure for the "Land o' Cakes."

Gen. Dorregaray Still Fleeing Before the Alfonsists.

Don Carlos Decamps from Trevino.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The American Riflemen Visiting the Belfast Manufactories.

BELFAST, July 9.—The members of the team, accompanied by the Mayor of Belfast, passed to-day in visiting the principal manufactories of the city, and were enthusiastically cheered by the operatives. At luuch the Mayor proposed the health of the team, remarking that a friendly contest, such as those at Dublin and Belfast, tended to increase the friendship between the two nations, and ought to be encouraged.

Col. Gildersleeve, replying to the toast, reiterated the expressions of gratitude for the cordiality the team had everywhere met in Ireland. Now here, he said, was it more marked than in Belfast, whose industrial activity struck the American visitors most favorably.

An Invitation to Shoot at Wimbledon Declined.

BELFAST, July 9.—Col. Gildersleeve today received letters from the Secretary of the National Rifle Association, inviting the Americans to shoot at Wimbledon against a team of eight picked from the United Kingdom, the range to be one thousand yards, and each man to have thirty shots. Col. Gildersleeve has replied, declining the proposition. He says the Americans have determined to adhere to their original plan of engaging in only one team match on this side of the Atlantic. He thanks the Secretary for the invitation.

A letter of a similar character has been sent to Mr. Parsons, adjutant of the English eight, in response to his letter of July 5th proposing a match between the Americans and a team of eight selected from the four nationalities of the United kingdom. For the present all team matches are off, and it is not likely that any new ones will be made. The Americans will be at Wimbledon and take part in shooting for the Albert cup and other matches open to all comers.

The opinion gains ground here that the English are afraid to meet the Americans except on terms unfavorable to the latter.

A Farewell Banquet

was given to the American team this afternoon. Robert Thompson, a prominent merchant, presided, and made a speech, wishing the Americans every success. Mayor Lindsay entered near the close of the banquet and presented Col. Gildersleeve with a cup won by him at Clandeboye. The Mayor said the citizens of Belfast were glad the cup was going to an American.

Off for Scotland.

After further speeches the company rose and the visitors proceeded to the pier to take the steamer for Glasgow, escorted by the Mayor and a delegation of citizens. Thousands of people lined the docks and piers to see them off, and there was loud and hearty cheering as the vessel steamed out. The party will visit the Scotch lakes to-morrow, and expect to arrive at Edinburgh in the evening.

A Compliment to the American Team.

LONDON, July 10.—Mr. Hamilton, of the Irish team, writes to the *Standard* endorsing Parson's letter of yesterday in reply to newspaper criticisms. He says: "I have shot against the American team both in the United States and Ireland. I can say with confidence there never has been any team in this country able to beat them. I don't mean we have not as good individual shots, but their organization is simply perfect. Discipline will always beat superior individual strength in such contests. In America the Irish made a higher score than the best they ever made for the Elcho shield, and yet—although, it is true, by accident—were beaten. The following week, when competing for individual prizes, they made 52 points more than the Americans over the same course. The Irish score at Dollymount on June 29th was again better than any they ever made for the Elcho shields, while the Americans averaged 164 16, which is higher than the best individual score ever made at Wimbledon. Yet in the Abercorn cup match for the selection of the Irish eight, six Irishmen headed the list. The Americans followed at long intervals."

The letter points to the above statistics as a proof that Americans are almost safe from defeat shooting against a picked team, while if allowed to compete with three eighths, the match would be the best and most interesting the world has ever seen.

SPAIN.

Gen. Dorregaray's Flight.

MADRID, July 9.—Official dispatches report that the Carlist General Dorregaray, after reaching the villages of Augures and Casbas, at the foot of Mount Guara, between Huesca and Jaca, succeeded in entering the Boltana district, in Arragon, near the Pyrenees. Three brigades are actively pursuing him.

Don Carlos Also Fleeing.

The *Imparcial* says Don Carlos and staff have hurriedly decamped from Trevino.

Vittoria Relieved.

MADRID, July 9.—The Alfonsists relieved Vittoria and entered the city on Wednesday.

Carlist Defeat.

The Carlists have been defeated at Trevino with the loss of four hundred killed and sixty prisoners. They are retreating to the northern part of Alava.

FRANCE.

The Waters of the Rhone Rising.

PARIS, July 9.—The waters of the Rhone are rising, and inundations are feared.

A Two Million Francs Flood.

PARIS, July 9.—The town of Lieux and vicinity, in the Department of Calvados, has been damaged by the inundation to the amount of two million francs.

CUBA.

Battle With Insurgents.

HAVANA, July 9.—An official dispatch reports that on the 27th ult. a force of Spanish troops fought for two hours four hundred insurgents, posted in an advantageous position near Moran, and killed twenty-seven of them. The loss of the Spaniards was small. On the same day there was another engagement near Oenje, in which ten insurgents were killed.

In the Penitentiary at Last.

LOUISVILLE, July 9.—Jailor Camp, who was given until to-day to bring the four Owen county prisoners before Judge McManama, appeared before him at Owenton this afternoon.

A special to the *Courier Journal* says he filed an additional response, setting forth the sentence of said prisoners by Judge Ballard. Judge McManama thereupon adjudged the response sufficient, and discharged the respondent. The four prisoners are now in the State prison at Frankfort.

Murder in Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, July 9.—Gaetano Guidi, aged twenty-four, a barkeeper in the employ of a man named Baderack, intantly killed Jno. Baderack, a son of his employer, to-night. Guidi says young Baderack was in the habit of helping himself behind the bar, and paid no attention to warnings to keep away. He repeated the offense to-night, and an encounter occurred between the two men, resulting in Guidi's thrusting a knife into Baderack's throat, severing the jugular vein and killing him instantly. Guidi is under arrest.

Rural Jottings.

A "floating" correspondent sends us the following scraps:

John Endler, a German residing in Pine township, seems anxious to shoot somebody. He tried his hand last week on a horse belonging to Mr. English and killed it, and the other day he made threats against his family. They were taken care of by the wife's friends and John is to be attended to.

Eldersridge Academy will be re-opened on September 1st.

Good reports are received from the crops in Armstrong county.

Jacksonville, Pa., celebrated the 3d of July in a grand old style, by three picnics, three bands of good music, a grand hop, &c. The most conspicuous part of the display was made by the Odd Fellows and two entertainments given on the picnic grounds by the celebrated gymnasts, of Blairsville, Pa.

On one day last week Mrs. Elder Marshal, of Clarksville, *gave birth to triplets, two girls and a boy, all alive.*

J. A. Mc. D.

The Gazette for the Summer.

Persons leaving the city for the summer can have the DAILY GAZETTE sent to them by mail, by leaving their orders at the counting-room.

The Arcadian.

THE LATEST NEWS.

Condensed Telegrams from All Quarters.

—Wm. Armstrong, of Columbus, Ohio, died suddenly last Thursday night at Omaha.

—A fire at Middleport, Ohio, on Friday morning, destroyed nine business houses and three dwellings.

—Another very heavy rain and wind storm visited Omaha and the southeastern part of Nebraska on Friday.

—At Lowell, Neb., on Friday, Joseph Newell, a farmer, shot and instantly killed Jas. McGonegal, County Commissioner.

—The Western Union Telegraph Company gives notice that the company is ready to cash at par and interest its bonds maturing on November 1st.

—The skeleton of Filkins, the express robber who last year escaped from the Clinton street (N. Y.) prison, was recently found in the main sewer of that institution.

—Judge Lawrence, of New York, has refused an injunction restraining the trustees of a Jewish synagogue from permitting the male and female members of families to sit together during service, leaving the matter where it belongs, to the judicatures of the church.

—The proceedings in the trial of ex-Treasurer Parker, at Charleston, S. C., were very important. Ladd, the missing witness, who had attempted to abscond, was arrested, and testified that Parker told him that $450,000 in coupons of State bonds had been given him, of which his share was $130,000.

At Forrest City, Ark., on the 4th inst., Miss Ellen Hamilton, a young lady living with Capt. Jas. Hunter, was brutally outraged, cut with a knife and left for dead by a negro named Davis, who then stole a horse and left. He was followed by a party to Augusta, and was at one time arrested by an old Portuguese living there, but escaped. A large number of citizens are still in pursuit of him, and if found he will be summarily dealt with.

CONFIDENCE GAME.

How a Shrewd Merchant was Cruelly Swindled.

Like the clown at the circus or the twin buffoons of the perambulating minstrel show, the successful confidence operator varies very little in his order of exercises—as the stale jokes and antique antics of the first, the threadbare and musty puns and conundrums of the second, so also are the tricks of the third, only more harmful in design and wicked in execution. When we hear a new joke at the show we can laugh, and with equal good grace can relate anything fresh in the confidence way, such, for instance, as the little game which was so adroitly played a few days ago on one of our leading dry goods merchants, whose name we withhold—feeling assured that he does not covet any such gratuitous advertising. By way of a preface we might say that in these days of panicky hardships, a flush customer is made more than ordinarily welcome in the grand bazaars of merchandising, and no effort is spared to sell as much as possible to the fancier of fine and costly goods. Now our particular merchant was not much to be blamed for the hasty and unreasonable manner in which he dismissed a few plebeian calico purchasers to dance attendance upon a gorgeously dressed lady who alighted from her carriage and entered his store. She was a long time making her wants, in the sweetest imaginable voice, that she had been commissioned by the daughter of her friend, a wealthy gentlemen whom she named, to select a few hundred dollars worth of real laces and other paraphernalia, necessary for the right royal outfit of her young patroness who was about entering into matrimony. After fully an hour expended in the conclusion that a few months' schooling would add to his chances of success in the battle of life. In the year 1814, when I was traveling on foot, with slender means, from Albany to Herkimer, I was fortunate enough to find my friend 'Doric' at East Canada Creek, where he paid for my dinner and invited me to ride free by his side on the box to Herkimer. It affords me pleasure to balance this little account 61 years after the friendly obligation was incurred by a subscription to Mr. Faxton's Hospital."

ANDY JOHNSON is the only living ex-President, but it requires just as much coaxing as ever to make him buy a new hat. He does not wish the world to attribute this to the eccentricity of genius, and frankly admits that he prefers an old hat because it doesn't require brushing.

SECRETARY DELANO has returned to his duties at the Interior Department.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

CREAM STILTON CHEESE—5 CASES Royal Arms Brand Stilton Cheese, September made, weighing about eight pounds each, made expressly for family use, just received and for sale by the case or retail, by

JNO. A. RENSHAW & Co.
Corner Liberty and Ninth Streets.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the assessments made by the Viewers on the opening of Main street, from Penn avenue to Liberty avenue, are now in my hands for collection, and if not paid within thirty days of the date hereof, liens will be filed against the property assessed for the unpaid assessments, with interest, cost and fees.

THOS. S. BIGELOW,
City Attorney.

PITTSBURGH, July 9, 1875.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Western District of Pennsylvania. In the matter of John Henry Miller, bankrupt. No. 2,380 in Bankruptcy. At Pittsburgh, July 8, 1875. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of John Henry Miller, of the City of Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, within said District, who has been adjudged bankrupt, upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.

J. ERASMUS MCKELVY,
Assignee.

Notice is Hereby Given

That an application will be made to the Court of Common Pleas No. 1 of Allegheny County, by the GERMAN ROMAN CATHOLIC ST. PHILOMENA BENEFICIAL SOCIETY OF PITTSBURGH, PA., on Saturday, July 31st, 1875, at 10 o'clock A. M., for a decree to amend the Charter of said incorporation by annulling the existing Constitution and substituting a new Constitution in lieu thereof, and that the same will be granted unless exceptions are filed thereto.

JOHN A. FOX,
Attorney for Applicants.

County, State and Poor Taxes
FOR 1875.

On and after the 1st DAY OF MAY, 1875, said Taxes can be paid until the 1st DAY OF AUGUST with

Deduction of Five Per Cent.

For prompt payment to all persons paying the whole amount of their Taxes.

There will be no reduction allowed during the month of August. There will be

TEN PER CENT. ADDED

To all Taxes remaining unpaid on the 1st day of September, 1875.

SAMUEL KILGORE,
Treasurer of Allegheny County.

RETAILING FOR CASH
AT WHOLESALE PRICES
Draws the Crowd to
CARLISLE'S!!

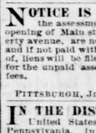
GAUZE SHIRTS	48c
BLACK SILK FANS	29c
PAINTED FANS	31c
JAP. FANS	9c
3-inch HEMSTITCHED LINEN HDKFS	25c

Tooth, Hair, Cloth and Nail Brushes, Combs and Notions.
Trimmings, Embroideries and Sun Umbrellas.

Our New System "GIVES MUCH FOR LITTLE." TRY IT.

J. D. CARLISLE,
37 FIFTH AVENUE.

VERDICT
In Favor of Howe's Standard Scales.



We, the undersigned, comprising *all the wholesale Butchers* of Chicago, are using the IMPROVED HOWE STANDARD SCALES, and after using Fairbanks' and other Scales, do find that the improvements in the Howe Scale render it the best.

We use as a scale *accurately*, and find the HOWE to be *the strongest.*

We weigh out each day over *thirty thousand dollars worth of meat*, to the retail markets, in various quantities, and require out *large scales to weigh small fractions of a pound.*

This merit we have *found* is *alone* possessed by the IMPROVED HOWE and is maintained after the most severe and longest tests, being attributable to the patent chilled iron balls between the platform and knife edges, on which all friction is received, thus preserving the fine edge of the pivots on which the correct and delicate action of a scale depends.

We also find the IMPROVED HOWE SCALES *the most economical*, not needing the frequent repairs that Fairbanks' and other scales do.

DAWSON & MILLER, JOEL ELLIS, BAYNES BROS., DENNIS O'CONNOR, P. & K. CASH, PH. DYCKMAN, WILLIAM MOORE, O'MALLEY BROS., PERVEN & ANDERSON, ARMOUR & THOMPSON, WALL & JAGGER, A. SWEENEY & SONS, SCHMUTZ & BAUER, G. HIEBLING, M. R. LEYDEN, O. G. SMITH.

ONIONS, BALDWIN & CO.,
63 Wood street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
1213 Main street, Wheeling, W. Va.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

OLD TEA HOUSE.

TEAS,
A SPECIALTY.

FIRST TEA OF THE SEASON.
1875.
GARDEN GROWN.
The only House in the City that has received the NEW TEA.
D. M. JENKINS,
20 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh.

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS
IN
DRESS GOODS,
AT
MOORHOUSE
& CARSTEN,
Cor. Market Street and Fourth Avenue,

Have received a very large and handsome assortment of New Goods, of all the latest styles and patterns, which are offering at extremely low prices. Their stock of

Black Silks.
Seal Brown Silks.
Colored Silks.
Check and Striped Silks.
Black Hernanis.
Plaid Grenadines.
Brocade Grenadines.
Invisible Plaids.
Silk Pongees.
Pure Mohairs.
All Wool Debeges.
Black Cashmeres.
Black Alpacas.
Black Mohairs.
Lace Curtains.

BLACK SILKS
Is Soft Cashmere Finish are very fine.
Their BLACK SILKS are marked down to the very lowest prices, with guarantee to wear and give entire satisfaction.

MOORHOUSE
& CARSTEN,
Cor. 4th Ave. & Market St.

CALL AND EXAMINE.
25 ROLLS
Cocoa Matting,
SLIGHTLY WET.
OIL CLOTHS,
6 to 8 Yards Wide,
Very Heavy,
OVER
50 PER CENT. LESS
THAN
REGULAR PRICES.

If the above Goods are put to use soon no injury will ensue.

Basement Diamond Bank,
Corner
Fifth Avenue
AND
Liberty Street

H. W'CALLUM.
SUMMER PRICES
IN
DRESS GOODS!

A. W. ERWIN,
172 and 174
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.
AT 12½ CENTS, ONE CASE
PLAID DEBEGES,
Well worth 25c.
AT 20 CENTS, ONE CASE
Gray and Brown Mixed Camel's Hair Debeges,
Well worth 30c.
AT 20 CENTS, 50 PIECES
Gray and Brown Mixed Twilled Debeges,
Reduced from 50c.
AT 31 CENTS, 50 PIECES
MIXED DEBEGES
32 inches wide, sold two months ago at 65c.
At 12½ cents, a job lot of
Plain and Striped Hernanis.
Remarkable Bargains.
At 31 and 37½ cents,
Dark Seal Brown Mohair Alpacas and Poplins,
Suitable for trimming.
All the desirable shades in LINENS for Summer Suitings.

We can show at all times the largest stock of medium priced Dress Goods in this market, and assure intending purchasers that an examination of our stock will repay them.

A.W. ERWIN,
172 & 174 Federal St., Allegheny.

We still continue to offer the same bargains in Black Alpacas and Mohairs, for which our house has had such a reputation in past seasons.

Park Hair Dressing Saloon.

Hair Dressing, Hair Cutting, Shaving and Shampooing, in the latest style. Also, Cupping and Leeching, at

JNO. S. WILLIAMSON'S,
No. 190 Federal street, Allegheny City.

DIVIDENDS.

OFFICE OF THE MONONGAHELA NAVIGATION CO.—The Board of Managers of the Monongahela Navigation Co. have this day declared a dividend of TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS ($2.50) per share on the capital stock, payable at the office of the Company, No. 94 Diamond street, on and after Thursday, the 15th inst.

W. BAKEWELL, Treasurer.
Pittsburgh, July 8, 1875. 146

DIVIDEND—THE BOARD OF Directors of the Birmingham and Pittsburgh Bridge Company have this day declared a dividend of TWO DOLLARS per share on the capital stock of said company, out of the earnings of the past six months, payable forthwith at the office of Ripley & Co., Glass Works, South Side.

JOHN C. STEVENSON,
Pittsburgh, July 6, 1875. Treasurer. 7:36

MANUFACTURERS & MERCHANTS INS. CO.,
OFFICE 87 WOOD STREET,
PITTSBURGH, July 6, 1875.

DIVIDEND—THE BOARD OF Directors of this Company have this day declared a dividend of FOUR DOLLARS per share out of the earnings of the last six months. Two dollars payable on demand and two dollars to be credited on stock notes.

JAMES M. KENNEY,
138 Secretary.

OFFICE ALLEGHENY BRIDGE COMPANY—Dividend—The President and Managers of a Company for erecting a bridge over the Allegheny river, opposite Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, have this day declared a Dividend of $1.75 on each share of the capital stock of the Company, out of the earnings of the last six months, payable to stockholders, or their legal representatives, by the Treasurer forthwith.

WM. ROSEBERG, Treasurer.
PITTSBURGH, July 1, 1875. 137

PITTSBURGH, July 3, 1875.

DIVIDEND.—THE DIRECTORS of the PEOPLE'S NATIONAL BANK have this day declared a dividend of FOUR PER CENT., payable on demand.

F. M. GORDON, Cashier.
133

NORTHERN LIBERTIES BRIDGE CO.,
July 8, 1875.

DIVIDEND—THE MANAGERS OF this Company have this day declared a dividend of ONE DOLLAR per share, payable forthwith.

N. VOEGTLY, JR., Treasurer.
134

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH INS. CO.,
No. 62 Wood street, corner of 4th avenue.
PITTSBURGH, July 6, 1875.

DIVIDEND NO. 35—THE BOARD of Directors of this Company have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of FIVE DOLLARS PER SHARE, (ten per cent) payable forthwith.

HILLIS MCKEON,
129 Secretary.

OFFICE OF CITY INSURANCE CO.,
64 Fourth avenue, Second Floor,
PITTSBURGH, July 6, 1875.

DIVIDEND NO. 5.—THE BOARD of Directors of this Company have declared a semi-annual dividend of TWO AND ONE-HALF DOLLARS ($2.50) per share, payable at the office of the Company, on and after the 15th inst.

JOHN E. GLONINGER.
133 Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE CASH INSURANCE CO.,
PITTSBURGH, July 6, 1875.

DIVIDEND.—THE DIRECTORS of this Company have this day declared a dividend of EIGHT PER CENT. ($4 00 per share) out of the earnings of the last six months, payable on demand.

JOS. F. JOHNSTON,
131 Secretary.

MASONIC DEPOSIT SAVINGS BANK,
PITTSBURGH, July 2, 1875.

DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF Directors of this bank have this day declared a Dividend of FOUR PER CENT. out of the earnings of the last six months, free of tax payable on and after the 10th inst.

GEO. C. MCLEAN, Cashier.

AMERICAN BANK,
PITTSBURGH, July 2, 1875.

DIVIDEND.—THE DIRECTORS of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of FOUR PER CENT. out of the profits of the last six months, payable on and after July 13th.

WILLIAM FLOYD,
jy9-221 Cashier.

TRADESMEN'S NATIONAL BANK,
PITTSBURGH, July 1, 1875.

DIVIDEND.—THE DIRECTORS of this bank have this day declared a dividend of FIVE PER CENT., payable on demand.

CYRUS CLARKE, Jr., Cashier.

UNION NATIONAL BANK,
PITTSBURGH, July 1, 1875.

DIVIDEND.—THE DIRECTORS of this bank have this day declared a dividend of SIX PER CENT., out of the profits of the last six months, payable on demand, free of tax.

R. S. SMITH, Cashier.

MERCHANTS AND MANUFACTURERS NATIONAL BANK,
PITTSBURGH, July 1, 1875.

THE DIRECTORS OF THIS bank have this day declared a dividend of FIVE (5) PER CENT., out of the profits of the last six months, payable forthwith, free of taxes.

W. A. SHAW, Cashier.
111

PITTSBURGH NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE,
July 1, 1875.

DIVIDEND.—THE DIRECTORS of this bank have this day declared a dividend of FIVE (5) PER CENT. out of the profits of the last six months, payable on demand, free of tax.

JOS. H. HILL, Cashier.

BANK OF INDUSTRY,
PITTSBURGH, July 1, 1875.

DIVIDEND.—THE DIRECTORS of this bank have this day declared a dividend of FIVE PER CENT. out of the profits of the last six months, payable on demand.

M. HANRAHAN, Cashier.
117

FIRST NATIONAL BANK PITTSBURGH,
PITTSBURGH, June 30, 1765.

QUARTERLY DIVIDEND.—THE Directors of this Bank have this day declared a quarterly dividend of TWO AND ONE-HALF PER CENT., on the capital stock, out of the profits of the last 3 months, payable forthwith, free of all tax.

J. D. SCULLY,
113 Cashier.

GIRARD SAVINGS BANK,
No. 64 FEDERAL STREET,
ALLEGHENY, JULY 1st, 1875.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have declared a dividend of FOUR PER CENT. on the amount of stock paid in up to January 1st, payable on and after the 7th inst.

S. S. BRYAN,
118:7 Cashier.

PENN BANK,
PITTSBURGH, July 1, 1875.

DIVIDEND—THE DIRECTORS of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of FOUR PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, out of the profits of the last six months, payable forthwith.

W. N. RIDDLE, Cashier.
115

OFFICE ENTERPRISE INS. CO.,
No. 423 Penn street,
PITTSBURGH, July 1, 1875.

DIVIDEND NO. 12.—THE DI

DAILY GAZETTE.

OFFICE: GAZETTE BUILDING,
Corner Sixth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

JOSIAH KING ..... N. P. REED.
T. P. ROUSTON ..... D. L. FLEMING,
GEO. W. REED.
KING, REED & CO., EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

OFFICIAL PAPER
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny County.

TERMS FOR 1875.

DAILY GAZETTE:

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By Mail for six months	5 00
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A copy is furnished gratuitously to the getter up of a Club of Ten. Postmasters are requested to act as Agents.

Give full address, postoffice, county and State, also nearest Express office, in order that there may be no mistakes in forwarding papers.

Persons desiring to subscribe for the GAZETTE—Daily or Weekly—will, upon application, be supplied with specimen copies, free of charge.

KING, REED & CO.

SATURDAY, JULY 10, 1875.

Republican State Nominations.

FOR GOVERNOR,
JOHN F. HARTRANFT,
FOR STATE TREASURER,
HENRY HOWE.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

FOR SHERIFF,
RICHARD H. FEE.
FOR CONTROLLER,
HENRY WARNER.
FOR RECORDER,
RALPH J. RICHARDSON.
FOR REGISTER,
JOSEPH H. GRAY.
FOR CLERK OF THE COURTS,
WM. H. McCLELLAND.
FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONERS,
JOHN McCLELLAND,
AUGUSTUS BECKERT.
FOR DIRECTOR OF THE POOR,
JAMES W. BELL.

BONDS at Frankfort 98¾.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp 23½f.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 116¼

THE good people of Westerville, Ohio, evidently like the new method of crusading against liquor selling, as they have contributed large sums of money to defend their people against conviction for having done anything out of the way.

THE *Post* claimed that the arrest and prosecution of the Democratic officials for embezzlement in Cincinnati was owing to the labors of the Democracy. What does it say now that a Democratic Judge has dismissed the cases on a technicality?

MAJOR RUSSELL ERRETT has been selected as the Chairman of the new County Committee, which has just been appointed, and whose names appear in another place. This is an excellent selection, as he is thoroughly capable of organizing the party, and making such a vigorous contest as will make the Democracy see cause to pick their flints.

THE tax rate in New York under Democratic Reform rule is greater than it was in any of the years that Tweed held sway. In 1865 it was $2.99, and in 1868 to 1871, inclusive, during which the "Boss" was in power, it was $2.66, $2.27, $2.25, 2.17. The levy for this year is just announced to be $2.96—last year it was $2.80. This does not speak well for Democratic management.

THE Liquor Dealers' Association of Ohio, Indiana, Illinois and Kentucky, in whose districts the recent frauds against the revenue laws mainly occurred, have held a meeting and resolved that they will lend the Government every assistance in collecting the tax on whisky and preventing frauds, and thanking Secretary Bristow for his effort to suppress illicit distilling and other violations of the revenue laws. This is all well; if the honest distillers will take the trouble to carry their resolution into effect, no more frauds of this kind will be possible.

THE Philadelphia *North American*, under the head of "The Impending Smash," gives the views of Professor Clifford, as follows: "One of two things is likely to happen, say within the next two hundred million years. That is to say, that either the earth is gradually receding from the sun by the gradual enlargement of its orbit, or that the sun is going out, and doomed to become a mighty frozen mass in the midst of empty ether. In either case, the catastrophe is certain." Well, we will wait until after the Fall elections before getting excited about it.

GENERAL SHERMAN'S published memoirs are stirring up all the opposition to himself that exists probably in the country. He has been kept tolerably busy since, replying to letters, and explaining away charges that have been brought against him. He has answered the prayer that his scoffers might be supposed to have uttered, viz.: "Oh! that mine enemy should write a book." He has done it, and must take the consequences of his rashness. Mrs. Sherman has gallantly come to the rescue of the General, and defends his war record in a vigorous letter.

THE Keely motor, about which there is so much speculation just now, is described as a vapor generated from air and water, at the common temperature, by mechanical manipulation in an unappreciable period of time, as controllable as steam, and with an expansive power as may be required all the way up to the force of gunpowder. Scientific engineers have examined the method, and are convinced of its correctness, although they are unable to comprehend the principle involved. If it shall prove a success, it will work a revolution in motive power as now applied.

THE epidemic, known in the middle ages as the scourge of the "black death," has lately reappeared, it is thought, in the marshy districts between the rivers Tigris and Euphrates. In the years 1348 to 1351 it destroyed millions of lives in Europe, Asia and Africa. The disease is fatal in most cases, the victim attacked surviving but a few days. Cleanliness is the best preventive to the spread of the disease, and modern physicians are unable to decide on the probable extent the malady will spread. Like all epidemic diseases, the preventive is more easily adopted than the cure.

NORWAY is threatened with a financial crash, owing, it is said, to the stagnation of the trade in timber, her chief article of export, illustrating the theory that the surplus products of a nation are a fair measure of its wealth and prosperity. Any interference with these must produce commercial trouble. The exports of a nation, like the sales of a dealer to his customers—are its main dependence; as these fall off the deficiency must be made up of the coin of the country, draining it of its accumulated wealth to pay for its purchases, which should be paid for in products of the soil and mine.

THE Prince of Wales only asks the trifling sum of $710,000 to make his Winter tour through India. The young man should be accommodated, of course; royalty must be properly set before the Hindoo, if the correct impression is to be made. Now, we do things differently in this country. If we want a Minister Plenipotentiary or Envoy Extraordinary to go abroad on some important mission, as is claimed for Wales on this trip, we pay him an ample salary, and he has to "hoe his own row" after that. Wales will be gone about six months, and if Parliament votes him the above amount, he will be able to spend of the peoples' money about four thousand dollars each day he is away from home. The young man should be encouraged and Parliament ought to give him a good send-off. He might take a fancy to the country, and conclude to settle there, in which event his trip would prove an economical investment for the English people. By all means, we would say, give Wales a chance; don't keep him all the time tied to his ma's apron string.

WE DO not see how it is possible for any one to complain of the want of action of a Grand Jury, unless some person, either on or before that jury, should violate his or her oath by revealing what took place. The twenty-four men are sworn to do their whole duty to the Commonwealth, and this, of course, includes all rights of persons, as well as the public at large. They must ignore a bill of indictment, unless they find probable proof of guilt, at least, and they are bound to return it to Court if such probable cause is given. But how any person can criticise the jury for failing to indict, who was neither a member nor a witness, without perjury being committed, we fail to see. The parties engaged in the crusade against violators of the Sunday liquor laws must act themselves as witnesses, or engage those who will swear to the truth at all times, and keep their oaths not to reveal the secrets of the Grand Jury room.

MOULTON appears to be annoyed that the District Attorney refuses or delays bringing suit against him on the charge of slander or libel, and insists upon somebody trying him for something, in order that he may be vindicated. Mr. Britton, the State's Attorney, must be somewhat of a wag, as he replies to the irrepressible Franco, telling him that "the weather is too hot, *important* business interferes; prisoners languishing in jail should have a trial," and those only on the "ragged edge" can wait; but, adds he, dryly: "After awhile I may be able to accommodate you to your entire satisfaction, as it would afford me great pleasure to try you for any offense." This ought to satisfy any reasonable man; but Moulton is not reasonable or thoughtful; as he would plunge the courts and country into another six months' trial for his own vindication. He had much better hide his head.

DEATH OF GEN. F. P. BLAIR, JR.

The death of this distinguished soldier and politician, is announced as having occurred at his home in St. Louis, on Thursday evening, after a protracted illness. Some months ago his physicians, almost despairing of his recovery, resorted to the process of transfusing fresh blood into his system, and for a time he appeared to rally and give hope of a restoration to health.

Gen. Blair was the son of Francis Preston Blair, an eminent journalist and politician, who for a long time resided near Baltimore. He was a lawyer by profession, and removed to St. Louis some years before the breaking out of the Rebellion, where he soon took prominent rank among the leading minds of the State of Missouri. He was twice elected on the Republican ticket to Congress from the St. Louis district, completely revolutionizing the politics of that place. At the breaking out of the Rebellion he tendered his services to the Government, was accepted and at once entered into active service under the brave General Lyon. He held a prominent position at the siege and surrender of Camp Jackson, a notorious rendezvous of Missouri rebels near St. Louis, and was subsequently with Grant and Sherman in the campaigns through Kentucky and Tennessee. He rose to the command of a Corps, and was considered a brave and meritorious officer.

At the close of the war he left the Republican party, for some unknown reason, and identified himself with the Democratic organization. In 1868, he was nominated for the Vice Presidency by that party, on the ticket with Horatio Seymour as the candidate for President, which, as is well known, was defeated by Grant and Colfax. Subsequent to this he was appointed by the State authorities of Missouri to the position of Insurance Commissioner, which office, we believe, he continued to hold up to the time of his death.

General Blair was a brave man, endowed with liberal abilities, and was peculiarly fitted as an aggressive leader. He went to St. Louis in early manhood, an avowed, out-spoken Free Soiler, and, as editor of the St. Louis *Democrat*, was brought into immediate conflict with some of the leading minds among the slave-holders. He fought them skillfully and courageously, winning to his side the large German element of the city, with which he formed the nucleus of the new Republican party, and finally overthrew the Democratic pro-slavery party of St. Louis and Missouri. He was in the fifty-fourth year of his age at the time of his death, and he leaves behind him an honored name as a legacy for his family.

BE ADMONISHED.

The floods in Europe continue to devastate the country and spread suffering and death over large sections. The latest storm of rain and hail in Switzerland occurred two days ago, in which many persons were killed and wounded by the extraordinarily large-sized hail-stones that fell, while the crops and other property were largely damaged. Also from the recent flood in Hungary the news is appalling; over one hundred lives have been lost, and the destruction of property has been far greater than at first supposed. And again in France, since the previously reported terrible flood in the Garronne, we have news of the overflow of the rivers Tonques and Orbiquet, by which many lives have been lost, bridges swept away, railway traffic impeded, and thousands of acres of growing crops destroyed. The floods of incessant rain through many portions of Europe, and the consequent overflowing of the river banks, with the terrible suffering caused, have grown to be calamities of world-wide significance, and appeal loudly to our sympathies as a people. While we have not wholly escaped from disasters of similar character, our losses and suffering in this respect, so far this year, have been insignificant, when compared with the terrible havoc caused by the floods throughout many portions of Europe. As we have before stated, the loss of life in the recent overflow of the Garronne, in France, reaches the appalling figure of three thousand souls, of all ages and both sexes. This in extent may be considered a National calamity, calling forth sympathy from the entire nation. The loss of property, at the same time, is said to have reached as much as sixty millions of dollars, mainly by the destruction of growing crops. This, of itself, will prove a sad visitation upon the flooded district, as it is chiefly upon the poor peasantry that the loss will fall. Having their crops destroyed will cut off their means of support, and great suffering must ensue.

The inventive genius of man should be called into action by these distressing calamities, and an effort be made to prevent their recurrence at any cost. We had, one year ago, a similar overflow in our midst, wherein instantaneously, almost, trifling rills, hardly large enough ordinarily to be called brooks, were increased into wild, turbid rivers, ten to twenty feet in depth, sweeping everything before them, carrying death to a hundred households, and spreading loss and desolation far and wide through a thickly settled district, mainly of our poorer people. Has anything been done as yet to prevent this same thing occurring again? We have not heard of it, if such is the case. In Allegheny, various plans have been suggested, debated and finally thrown aside. Let us be admonished by these latest floods that our experience of last July may, at any moment, be repeated, and let us act the part of wisdom by applying a remedy, if such can be found, let it cost what it may.

A MILFORD (Pa.) dispatch states that on Wednesday last a bill in equity was filed in the County Clerk's office, by the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, against the Erie Railway Company, upon consolidated mortgages for $50,000,000, and the Court of Common Pleas of Pike county appointed President Jewett receiver. The proceedings were auxiliary to like proceedings in New York upon the same mortgages.

A DIFFICULTY occurred between the pilots of the steamers Nail City and Barnard, on the public landing at Cincinnati, on Thursday night, in which John Sullivan, pilot of the Barnard, was probably fatally cut.

Mountain Meadow Massacre.

Trial of the Murderers Seventeen Years After.

The Cause of the Massacre—The Emigrants Betrayed to Their Grave—The March to Death and Spoils of War—Prisoners Awaiting Trial.

A letter from Salt Lake to the New York *World* says:—In July, 1857, a party of emigrants from Mississippi and Arkansas arrived at Salt Lake City on their way to California. The party numbered 148, of which fifty-five were men and boys large enough to use firearms. Emigrant trains usually stopped at Salt Lake to replenish their scanty supply of provisions, dispose of their exhausted stock in exchange for new, and frequently camp for the Winter in severe seasons, and they were always welcomed and hospitably treated in consideration of the revenue they would bring into this almost isolated region. But, to their great surprise, this party, notwithstanding that they were comparatively rich, and were willing to pay liberally for their much-needed stock and supplies, were refused the accustomed hospitality and abruptly ordered to break up camp and resume their journey

THE JOURNEY RESUMED.

The emigrant route lay north from Salt Lake, through Arizona and Southern California—thus avoiding the snows of the Rocky Mountains. With scarce enough provisions to last them half the distance, their stock jaded and on short allowance, the disheartened emigrants reluctantly resumed their journey of over four hundred miles. All along their route through Southern Utah they were refused grain and provisions at any price, notwithstanding this had been an unusually productive season, and this fertile region literally smiled with plenty. This continual and unprecedented inhospitality seemed strange, indeed, to the now almost starving emigrants. Couriers had been sent ahead by the Church authorities at Salt Lake, commanding the settlers along the route to sell or give nothing to the "Gentiles," on pain of expulsion from the Church. The first duty of a Mormon is to "obey counsel," and to be "cut off from the Church" is eternal disgrace.

THE CAUSE OF THE MASSACRE.

Brigham Young, the "Prophet, Seer and Revelator" of the Mormon Church, was Governor of the Territory, also Indian Agent, appointed by President Buchanan. He had just declared war against the United States, placed the Territory under martial law, forbidding all persons entering its limits, and permitting none to depart. But this was not the cause of the massacre. Other trains had entered the Territory since the issuance of his "proclamation of war," and were told to depart in peace, frequently being conveyed beyond the limits. But there was another and far greater reason for this massacre. About a year previous a "Prophet of the Mormon Church," while preaching as a missionary in Arkansas, converted and eloped with a Mrs. Eleanor McLean. Returning to Arkansas shortly afterwards to abduct and bring the two children to their disgraced mother, then at Salt Lake, he was killed by the injured husband. On receiving this news Brigham Young prophesied that the "death of the Prophet would be avenged in the ratio of a hundred to one." And as this happened to be the first party of emigrants passing through Utah since the news of the killing of Parley P. Pratt, the aforesaid apostle, they were selected as the victims, according to prophecy.

THE COUNCIL OF WAR.

Just after the emigrants departed from Salt Lake a council of war was held to decide upon the place, manner and other details of their massacre. Brigham Young, Governor of the Territory and head of the Mormon Church, his two High Councillors, Heber C. Kimball and George A. Smith (cousin to the Prophet Joseph Smith) and Daniel H. Wells, Lieutenant-General commanding the Nauvoo Legion, and now Mayor of Salt Lake City, composed this council. All are living except Kimball. It was decided to murder the emigrants at a spot called "Mountain Meadows," near the California line, about one hundred miles south of Salt Lake, and about forty miles distant from the walled city of Parowan. Brigham Young issued the official order, which Lieutenant-General Wells carried to Major John D. Lee, at Parowan, who was sub-Indian agent and commander of militia of that portion of Utah. The militia were enrolled as the "Nauvoo Legion." The order of death had preceded the arrival of the emigrants, and on reaching Parowan they were compelled to drive around the walls of the city, and none were permitted to enter its guarded gates for trade and barter, as was the custom. Lee had promulgated Brigham Young's orders for the militia to appear "armed and equipped, as the law directs," and at that very moment they were receiving their arms and ammunition for the murder of the poor unsuspecting emigrants.

BETRAYED TO THEIR GRAVES.

Before camping the next evening the emigrants were joined by two Mormon spies, who said they had deserted the Mormons and wished to accompany the train to California. The spies selected as the most suitable camping place that spot decided upon by the council of war at Salt Lake—an oval-shaped meadow about three hundred yards long, sloping from a rugged mountain side to a deep abyss below. Here the unsuspecting emigrants camped for the night, their last retiring place on earth. The next morning at daybreak, September 8, 1857, the sleeping emigrants were aroused by a volley of bullets from the Mormons, painted as Indians, who had completely surrounded their camp. The emigrants wheeled their wagons in line and hastily constructed earthen embankments for their defense. The siege lasted for six days, during which seven or eight emigrants were killed and as many wounded, and but two Mormons killed.

THE SURRENDER.

Being hemmed in on all sides, cut off from water, almost starved and famishing of thirst, the emigrants had almost despaired of assistance when they spied in the distance what they thought to be their friends advancing and bearing a flag of truce, whose presence was welcomed with deafening cheers. The emigrants thought their delivery was at hand. It was a detachment of the Nauvoo Legion, numbering about 150, with John D. Lee at their head. The siege was raised and a commission under a white flag was sent out to parley with the troops. Lee advised the emigrants to make peace with the "Indians" by giving them their guns and a few blankets, and he, with his militia, would escort them out of the country—beyond the reach of further danger. Knowing that Lee was a United States and Territorial officer, confidence was placed in his promises, and the emigrants gave their arms and munitions, to be given to the "Indians" as a peace offering.

THE MARCH TO DEATH.

The emigrants were then marched out of their entrenched camp—the men first, women next and little children last—between companies of armed Mormons, drawn up in two lines, and the massacre took place.

FINANCIAL.

SHOE AND LEATHER BANK,

Cor. Diamond and Wood Streets,

In Germania Bank Building,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

CAPITAL, - - - - - - $200,000.

D. E. DAVIDSON, President.
JOHN D. FRASER, Cashier.

Deposits received and 6 per cent. interest allowed on Time Deposits. Particular attention given to collections and proceeds promptly remitted.

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No. 78 FOURTH AVENUE,

BANKERS.

Buy and sell on Commission GOVERNMENT BONDS, STATE AND CITY SECURITIES, RAILROAD BONDS AND STOCKS.

Especial attention paid to purchase and sale of all LOCAL SECURITIES of Pittsburgh and Allegheny.

FIRST CLASS REAL ESTATE MORTGAGES WANTED; ALSO $5,000 WARD SCHOOL BONDS.

DAILY GAZETTE.

FINANCIAL.

Latest Advices Concerning Money and Stock Matters.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, July 10, 1875.

The bank statements here and elsewhere all show an increase in deposits, as well as in clearances. This condition will likely continue through the hot months, and no appreciable diminution will occur until our merchants and manufacturers begin to stock up for the Fall and Winter. In the meantime money will be easy in all centres and good business paper will find ready accommodation. The New York banks are reported as holding $26,000,000 over the reserve of 25 per cent. required, and money is more a drug than otherwise. Discount rates are unchanged and stocks are quiet.

Robinson Brothers, Bankers, No. 78 Fourth avenue, furnish the following quotations of bonds and stocks from the latest advices by telegraph:

Gold		5-20's 1867	121¼
U.S. 6's, 1881, coup	122½	" 1868—coupons	121¼
5-20's 1862	117	10-40's	117¾
" 1864	118¾	Currency 6's	123
" 1865	121¾	New 5 per cents	117¾
" 1865 new	120¾	4½'s—coupons	111¾

RAILWAYS.

N. Y. Cen.	102¾	Ohio & Mississippi	23½
Erie	21⅛	Pittsburgh, Ft. W. & C.	94
L. S.	102¾	Toledo & Wabash	5¼
C. C. & I. C.	93	Harlem	131½
Pa. R. R.	57½	Pa. Extension	99½
Do. Pref.	57¾	American Express	56
Michigan Southern	59¾	U. S. Express	42
Do. Central	76⅛	Wells, Fargo & Co. Ex.	77½
North Western Com	29	Quicksilver	14½
Do. Pref.	50	Fort Wayne	97¾
Rock Island	104	Hannibal & St. Jos.	23½
Cleve. & Pitts.	91¾	Panama	127
Pacific Mail	39⅛	Iron Mountain	17¾
Western Union Tel.	81		

Robinson Brothers furnish the following quotations of active stocks on the Philadelphia Stock Board:

P. R. R. (S)	57¾	Cen. Trans (8)	44¾
Reading (S)	54⅜	Empire Do	
U Cos. of N. J. (8)	130	A. V. R. R. 7-30 (8)	93
Oil Creek (8)	94⅜	P. C. & St. L. 7's (8)	77
Lehigh Valley (8)	61¾		

NEW YORK, July 9, 1875.

Money was more active this afternoon, and loaned up to 4 per cent., closing at 3; prime mercantile paper 3@5. Sterling was firm at 486¼@487 for sixty day and 489@490 for sight. The dry goods imports for the week were $956,000. The customs receipts were $324,000. Gold was strong, opening at 116¼ and closing at 116¾. Loans were made flat and 2 per cent. for borrowing. The Assistant Treasurer disbursed $445,000. The clearings were $80,000,000. Government and railroad bonds are firm. State securities are quiet, except Tennessees and Carolinas, which are active and strong.

Stocks opened firm, and prices advanced ½@1. This improvement was afterwards lost, the decline being most marked in Western Union, Pacific Mail, Northwest, Union Pacific and Lake Shore. The latter dropped off on the reported renewal of sharp competition between the Pennsylvania and Baltimore roads on the one hand and the New York and Michigan roads on the other. After midday the market became strong, and prices advanced under an active buying movement. This improvement was caused by the prompt settlement of his contracts by Jacob Rubino and a complete exoneration of Mr. Eccles by the Stock Exchange Law Committee.

Stocks were generally strong and higher at the close. Western Union was the leading feature, and advanced to 81 on strong buying. Lake Shore was firm at 59¼@59¾, and Union Pacific at 75¼@75¾. Delaware, Lackawanna & Western advanced to 121¼. The Western shares were all firm on an advancing tendency of wheat and the prospect of large crops. Northwest closed at 39@39¾ for common and 50 for preferred. St. Paul was strong at 34¼@34¾ for common and 77@77½ for preferred. Rock Island sold at 104. Pacific Mail closed at 39¼@40, the two extremes of the day having been 39¾ and 40¾. Erie was steady at 15¼.

The transactions on the Stock Exchange aggregated 131,000 shares, of which 30,000 were Pacific Mail, 44,000 Western Union, 5,000 Erie, and 34,000 Lake Shore.

Government securities.—U. S. coupons of '81, 122¾; 5-20s of '62, 117; do of '64, 118½; do of '65, 120¾; do of '65 new, 120¼; do of '67, 121½; do of '68, 121¾; 10-40s, 113¾; new 5s, 118¾; currency 6s, 122¾.

State Bonds.—Missouri 6s, 100; Tennessee old, 49¾; Tennessee new, 49¾; Virginia new, 39; do old, 37; North Carolina old, 20¾; do new, 10.

Stocks.—Canton, 50; Western Union Telegraph Company, 80½; Quicksilver, 15; Adams Express, 99½; Wells & Fargo, 77½; American Express, 57; United States Express, 41; Pacific Mail, 39½; New York Central, 102¾; Erie, 15½; Erie, preferred, 22½; Harlem, 131; Harlem, preferred, 131; Michigan Central, 66; Pittsburgh, 91½; North Western, common, 39; preferred, 49½; Rock Island, 104; New Jersey Central, 111½; St. Paul, 34½; preferred, 57½; Toledo & Wabash, 5½; preferred, 9½; Ft. Wayne, 97½; Terre Haute, 9; do preferred, 18; Chicago & Alton, 102½; do preferred, 106½; Ohio & Mississippi, 23½; Cleveland, Columbus & Cincinnati, 49; Burlington & Quincy, 112; Lake Shore, 59¼; C. C. & I. C., 93; Illinois Central, 102½; Atlantic & Pacific Telegraph Company, 28½; Union Pacific, 75¼; Central Pacific, 101½; Union, 102; Delaware & Lackawanna, 121¼.

LONDON, July 9—5 P. M.—Consols: Money, 94 3-16; account, 94 1-16@5-20's '65, 109½; do '67, 109½; 10-40's, 104¾; new 5s, 104; New York Central, 93; Erie, 13; preferred, 29.

The rate for money at the Stock Exchange on Government securities is 2 per cent.

PARIS, July 9.—Rentes, 63f 85c.

FRANKFORT, July 9.—U. S. 5-20's '62, 98¾.

COMMERCIAL.

Condition of the Markets at Home and Abroad.

DAILY REPORT OF PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, July 9, 1875.

Trade in general merchandize continues in much the same condition noted for some time past; while it is all possibly we can reasonably expect, it is far from being satisfactory. Some of our cotemporaries continue to predict that the good time is near at hand, that hard pan has been reached at last, but there is no good reason to expect any very decided improvement in business until next month, as it is always dull during the time in question. The weather continues all that could possibly be desired for the growing crops, and there is every appearance at this writing of an abundant harvest.

APPLES.—The market continues dull, but prices remain as last quoted, ranging from $3@5 per bbl., according to quality and condition.

BEANS.—Quotable in a jobbing way, at $1.80@1.85 for medium and $1.90@2 for navies.

BUTTER.—Commission merchants continue to report a very dull market, and it is not likely that there will be any material change before next month; prime to choice sold packed, 14@16.

CHEESE.—Supplies continue to arrive freely, mainly from Cincinnati, and prices are lower; Ohio, 9@9½ per ¶ stand of two bushels. Goosebery, $2@2.50 per bushel.

CHEESE.—Trade continues active; the sales to the wholesale trade have been quite large within the past day or two, but prices, although easier, remain unchanged; prime Ohio Factory, in a jobbing way, 11@11½.

EGGS.—The market was reported firmer to-day, and we advance our quotations to 13@20 for fresh stock, guaranteed as such.

FLOUR.—Steady, but quiet and unchanged, spring wheat family, $5.75 to $6.25. The outside figure for choice Minnesotas; winters, $6.25@6.50 for red, and $6.75@7 for white. Rye Flour, $6.00@6.25.

GROCERIES.—Trade continues quiet, as it nearly always is at this particular time, and the leading markets present no new or important features which reference has not already been made. It is probable there will be an increased demand for Sugars within the next week or so, as the season is just preceding the fruit season, although trade will not be as brisk as it was last year, in consequence of the failure of the fruit crop in this section of the country.

SUGARS.

Crushed	12	Standard B	10¾
Granulated	11¾	Ex C Standard	10½
Powdered	11¾	Demarara	9½@10¼
Standard A	10¾	Venetia Rio	9¾
N. O. Sugar	8¾@ 9¼	Refined Yellows	8¾@9¾

COFFEES.

Rio Good	20	Roasted loose	28
Rio Prime	22	R. Java, bbls	40
Rio Choice	25	R. Java, loose	38
Rio, bbls	22½		

RICE.

Rangoon, per lb	7¾@8	Patna, per lb	7¾@8
Carolina, per lb	8¾@9		

MOLASSES.

Porto Rico	50@55	New Orleans	75@80
Demarara	60@65		

GRAIN.—The grain markets continue very dull, as they usually are at this season of the year, but it is hoped that there will soon be an improvement. Penna. and Ohio red wheat is still quoted at $1.22 to $1.25, and amber and white, 2 to 5 cents additional. We heard of purchases of some 15 cars of Ohio red to arrive, at $1.25. The Oil market continues dull, and prices are weak and drooping; quotable at 60 to 61 for mixed and 62½ to 63 for white, free in elevator. Rye Corn in light stock, but unchanged; 76 to 78 on track—sale of 1 car at 77. Shelled continues dull, and nominally unchanged. Rye very quiet; $1.05 to $1.10.

HAY.—Baled continues very dull, and prices are weak and drooping; we reduce our quotations to $18 to $20 for fair to prime timothy.

MILL FEED.—Is reported dull, but unchanged. Bran is quoted at $18 to $18 per ton. Middlings, $1.35 to $1.45 per cwt.

PROVISIONS.—The general position of the market has not varied much for a week or more past; the advices from the west continue to vary more or less—one day up and the next down, but the general impression appears to be that prices are not likely to go much, if any, higher, and some operators predict a further decline. Sugar-cured Hams are regarded as the cheapest meat on the market, salt or fresh.

Hams—Extra S. C.		Lard-Prime Leaf in	
¶ lb	13¾	tierces, ¶ lb	14
Shoulders, Ex S. C.	10¾	Do., half barrels	14½
B'fast Bacon, S. C.	14	Lard-Ref. for summer	
Dried Beef, Ex. Sugar		use in tierces	14½
Cured, old	15½	Do., in ¼ bbls	15
Beef Tongues Sugar		Do., in ½ ¶s	15½
Cured, ¶ doz	$6.50	Do., 3 ¶ caddies	17½
Bacon Shoulders	9¾	Do., 5 ¶ do	17¾
Clear Rib Sides	13¼	Do., 2 ¶ pails	18
Clear Sides	13½	Do., 5 ¶ do	17½
Mess Pork, ¶ bbl	$21.00	Do., 2 ¶ do	17½
Miner's Lard Oil	1.12	Carbon Oil	11½
Lard Oil	1.12	Cheese	12
Family Pork, short Mess		Pork, 43 pieces in bbl	$20.50
Pork, 43 pieces in bbl	$20.00		

POTATOES, ETC., ETC.—The market for new was firmer to-day, in consequence of diminished receipts; 50@$3.75 ¶ bbl; Cabbages, $2 to $2.50 per bbl. Tomatoes, $1.25 to $3.50 per box; Cucumbers, $1.50 to $2 ¶ box; Onions, $1 to $1.25 ¶ box.

POULTRY.—Spring Chickens, 35@75¢ ¶ pair, as to condit on and size.

SEEDS.—Quiet and unchanged; regular sales at 2¾ @3 cts for cleaned timothy. Nothing doing in flaxseed.

TALLOW.—Steady and unchanged at 8 cents for prime country, and 8¾c ¶ pound for choice city rendered.

PITTSBURGH IRON TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, July 9, 1875.

PIG IRON.

There has been no improvement in the pig iron trade since the date of our last review, nor was it expected that there would be, as business is usually dull at this particular time. Some of the mills are engaged in taking stock, and the indications are that the demand for the raw article will continue light for a week or more, when the usual hand-to-mouth policy will be pretty closely adhered to. However, sellers are still hopeful of a better market soon, notwithstanding the outlook is not as desirable as could be desired by any means; they consider the present low prices as temporary, and in fact many have all but refused to sell for the present. No change in prices; three dollars, sixty days, with the usual discount of two per cent. for cash.

SCRAP IRON.

There is little or no movement in the scrap iron trade, nor is it expected at this particular time; No. 1 wrought quotable at $26@27, 4 mos; car wheels, $25. Scrap steel is in demand, but is expected that there will be some inquiry before long.

BRITISH IRON MARKET.

A cable dispatch to the *Iron Age*, under date of the 7th, says:—Scotch Pig.—The market is active, with a heavy demand, and a large business has been done since last report. Prices are steady. The following are makers' quotations:

Gartsherrie No. 1	67s 6d
Coltness No. 1	67s 6d
Glengarnock No. 1	68s 6d
Eglinton No. 1	63s 6d

Manufactured Iron.—There is very little demand, and prices are declining. It is expected that there will be a reduction of 2s 6d on quotations at the quarterly meeting to-morrow, Thursday. Rails.—Remain as reported last week, viz., £6.10@6.15s.

NEW YORK.

American Pig.—The production of Pig Iron in the Lehigh Valley is now less than at any time since about the year 1863. The Iron Companies seem to have realized the fact that their only salvation is in a large reduction of their output, and following suit is now the order of the day. Coal has been reduced to $2.75 at the Thomas Iron Co.'s furnaces, and the weaker companies are now making prices. We quote No. 1 Foundry, $26@28; No. 2 Foundry, $23@26; Gray Forge, $23@23; White and Mottled, $21@22. We note sales of 500 tons Mottled on private terms; 200 tons Carbon No. 1 Foundry at $27.50, and 200 tons Pough keepsie No. 1 Foundry at $27. Bars.—We quote Refined Bar, 2.6c@2.8c., at mill.—*Iron Age.*

PHILADELPHIA.

As usual at this period, trade is much interfered with by the national holiday and the absence of business men. The main feature of change, unless it be a rather firmer feeling among holders of Pig Iron, some of whom look forward to a better trade very shortly. The foundries are generally fairly busy, and some report orders for some time to come. The rolling mills, however, are generally idle for the greater part of this month, as the usual demand for Forge Irons will not be quite so active. Stocks of Pig Iron are not considered to be, by any means, large, and no doubt will be none such before the product of furnaces now blowing in can reach the market, present holders are naturally firmer in their views of the price they should get. The increase in American Iron manufactures exported to England and favorably received there, continues to exercise the press of that country, and the London *Times* lately concluded an article on the condition of the English iron trade with the following:

"The developments of the American Iron industries have, of late years, been both large and continuous. The American Iron market is no longer commanded by our exports, and our Iron trade must number itself it desires still to command other markets, including the English, in which it has already found formidable rivals."

Many of our most intelligent furnace men look forward to this trade for American hardware, tools and agricultural implements as the most encouraging feature for trade-hide for Pig Metal in the near future, and far more desirable than an export trade in rare Irons could be. Manufactured Irons are high, as always at this season, and seem to hold the outas well as could be expected. The orders are light, but the usual dry stopping may stimulate the demand, as no great stock of goods are supposed to be on hand. Rails continue in moderate inquiry, and principally on better terms than formerly offered, so far as payments are concerned. Old Rails are very quiet, and sales are made with difficulty. Scrap is not active, although prices for choice selections of No. 1 wrought are pretty firmly maintained. We quote—Pig Metal—No. 1 Foundry, $27. No. 2, $24; Gray Forge, $24 to $25. Bars —2.6 to 2.7c. Rails—$43 to $50. Old Rails, $26 to $28 50. Scrap—$30 to $33 for No. 1 Wrought, as to quality.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, July 9, 1875.

Trade continues very much depressed; instead of improving it appears to be growing worse and worse. Crude for immediate shipment was quoted at $1.17½ ¶ bbl., the lowest point it has reached for considerable time. It is believed by some that the present depression is unnatural, and has been brought about by a bear movement, but of this there is no evidence apparent, it is only surmise. Refined very dull; there does not appear to be any inquiry whatever, and prices are weak and nominal at 11¾@11¾ deliverable in Baltimore and Philadelphia, and 12c in New York.

The Barrel trade continues quiet and unchanged; countries, $1.10 to $1.15; city make, $1.30.

RECEIPTS CRUDE OIL PER ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.

Shipper.	Consignee.	Bbls.
J. Bushnell	National O W	1,631
J. Bushnell	Standard O W	1,345
N. W Stevenson	Peerless O W	476
R. S. Duncan	Sunbeam O W	479
N. W. Stevenson	Liberty O W	495
R. S. Duncan	Star O W	500
Thos. M. Howe	Sunbeam O W	228
E. Craig	Citizens O W	80
E. Crawford	Riverside O W	48
Total		4,981

Receipts at New York.

The *Journal of Commerce* gives the following as the receipts of certain articles of domestic produce at the port of New York for the first six months of the year:

	1875.	1874.	1873.
Flour, bbls	1,534,783	2,224,961	1,799,329
Cornmeal, bbls	136 749	179 021	85,896
Wheat, bu	6,919,795	21,743,942	8,715,149
Rye, bu	265,281	410,921	72,061
Oats, bu	9,171,477	4,799,983	4,186,104
Barley and barley malt, bu	695,979	592,780	1,049,289
Peas, bu	84,684	203,683	221,994
Corn, bu	6,870,011	12,323,695	9,461,278
Cotton, bales	257,371	310,853	257,491
Pork, bbls	97,869	85,385	95,372
Beef, pkgs	15,776	14,840	18,350
Cut meats, pkgs	344,631	322,225	183,417
Butter, pkgs	369 335	411,302	442,124
Cheese, pkgs	506,684	506,739	581,786
Lard, tierces and bbls	263,661	165,784	169,431
Lard, kegs	17,418	21,068	8,583
Tallow, pkgs	37,754	17,654	27,874
Tobacco, hhds	60,946	52,349	23,355
Tobacco, pkgs	81,954	101,163	91,307
Hops, bales	5,744	9,166	7,578
Wool, bales	45,340	31,140	27,352

EXPORTS.

The following were among the exports from New York to foreign ports during the same time:

	1875.	1874.	1873.
Wheat flour, bbls	626,431	1,125,711	879,110
Rye flour, bbls	3,810	6,303	2,877
Cornmeal, bbls	91,589	90,189	81,344
Wheat, bu	5,772,969	10,278,312	9,859,637
Rye, bu	191,522	478,130	105,687
Barley, bu	17,245	92,638	59,230
Peas, bu	19,276	240	165
Corn, bu	52,536	253,489	215,152
Cotton, bales	6,241,082	9,317,114	8,961,206
Hops, bales	229,584	223,498	224,747
Pork, bbls	8,565	362	2,918
Beef, bbls	101,583	110,984	95,079
Beef, tcs	20,364	19,824	16,179
Cut meats, lbs	36,179	25,283	31,531
Lard, lbs	227,606,076	149,174,443	163,586,034
Butter, lbs	1,530,464	1,784,972	1,865,177
Cheese, lbs	28,803,225	28,274,844	32,800,228
Tallow, lbs	3,104,171,221	81,772,124	73,509,993
Petroleum, gals	32,559,021	34,791,377	28,714,252
	848,131	61,585,541	54,810,240

Grain Statistics.

GRAIN IN STORE IN CHICAGO.

The following were the amounts of grain in store on the dates named, as reported by the State Registrar of Grain:

	July 5, 1875.	July 6, 1874.
Wheat, bu	1,712,296	1,199,119
Corn, bu	2,906,282	2,054,726
Oats, bu	407,756	256,438
Rye, bu	1,194	11,029
Barley, bu	9,132	8,361
Total, all kinds	5,036,870	3,567,667

As compared with last week the above statement shows a decrease of 966,249 bu. wheat and 926 bu. barley, and an increase of 441,254 bu. corn, 85,000 bu. oats and 1,507 bu. rye.

STOCK OF WHEAT IN MILWAUKEE.

The stock of wheat in Milwaukee is reported at 465,000 bushels, against 1,689,000 bushels at corresponding period last year, and 802,000 bushels same time 1873.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Chicago.

CHICAGO, July 9, 1875

FLOUR.—Demand good as full prices.

GRAIN.—Wheat: demand fair and prices advanced; No 1 spring $1.08¾; No 2 $1.06¾ spot or seller July or August; $1.05 seller September; No 2 $1.01¾@1.02; rejected 93@93c. Corn: demand fair and prices advanced; No 2 mixed 70¾c bid spot; 70¾c bid seller July; 72¾c bid seller August; 72¾c seller September; rejected 67½@68c. Oats: demand active and prices advanced; No 2 54¼c seller July; 40¾c bid seller August; rejected 50@53c. Rye scarce and firm; No 1 $1. Barley active; No 2 $1.20 bid spot; $1.00@1.01 seller September.

SEEDS.—Unchanged.

PROVISIONS.—Pork active; $19.45 spot; $19.50 seller August; $19.65 seller September. Lard active; $13.20 spot or seller August; $13.40 seller September. Bulk meats dull and prices are nominal.

On call Board wheat was easier at $1.06¾ July; $1.06¾ August. Corn lower; 70¾c July; 72c August. Oats easier; 53¾c July; 40¾@40½ August. Pork and Lard unchanged.

New York.

NEW YORK, July 9.—Flour steady; receipts 12,000 bbls; superfine western and State $4.50@4.85; common to good $4.90@5.15; good to choice $5.05@5.75; white wheat extra $5.45@6.50; extra Ohio $5@7; St. Louis $5.25@6.60; Wheat better. No 2 Milwaukee $1.21@1.21½; No 1 spring $1.23@1.27; amber $1.26@1.37; white $1.32@1.46. Rye quiet at 90c@$1.07. Barley and Malt quiet. Corn: receipts 47,000 bush; firm: mixed western steamer 79@82c; do sail 78@84c; new: receipts 18,000 bush; heavy; mixed western 66@67½c; white 67@72c. Hay firm at 65@90c. Coffee quiet; 17½@20c. Sugar firm; fair to good refining 8¾@9c; prime 9¾c. Molasses dull. Rice quiet. Petroleum firmer; refined 12½@12¾c; crude 8¾@8¾c. Rosin steady at $1.70@1.80. Turpentine 32c. Pork firmer at $20.45@20.80. Beef quiet. Cut meats dull. Middles nominally; long clear western 11¾c. Lard firmer; prime steam 13¾c. Butter heavy; western 13@24c. Eggs heavy; western 20@21c. Cheese unchanged. Whisky quiet at $1.22.

Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, July 9.—Flour quiet and steady; western super $4.25@4.62; extra $4.75@5.37; other grades unchanged. Wheat firm: No 1 western amber $1.33; No 2 do $1.31; milted do $1.29; No 1 western red $1.30; No 2 do $1.28. Corn firmer. Oats firm; western white 65c; western mixed 59@ 62c. Rye dull and nominal at 90@91. Hay scarce and firm; Pennsylvania and Maryland $22@30. Provisions quiet; fair jobbing demand. Pork firm and quiet at $21. Bulk meats nominal; shoulders 9c; clear rib 12@12½c; clear sides 13¼c. Bacon quiet, with fair order trade; shoulders 10c; clear rib 13¾c; clear sides 14¼@15c. Lard dull; crude 14c; refined 14¾c. Butter quiet; western 15@22c; Pennsylvania 23@25c. Petroleum nominal; crude 8½@8½c; refined 11¾@12c. Coffee strong, with an upward tendency; fair cargoes 21¼ cts., delivered; jobbing 17½@ 20½c. Whisky steady at $1.20.

New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, July 9.—Sugar quiet; jobbing good common refined at 8½c; low fair refined 8¼@ 8¾c. Molasses dull; jobbing common at 40@45c; fair 50@55c; prime choice 58@60c. Flour dull; quoted superfine at $4.50; single X $4.75; double do $5; treble $5.25@5.75; choice and family $6@7.25. Corn weaker at 67½@68c. Oats in moderate demand at 57c. Bran scarce and dull at 95c. Hay quiet; prime $22@23; choice $25. Coffee scarce and firmer; holding for gold—and-gold; fair 18¾@ 19c; good 19¼@19¾c; prime 19¾@20c. Pork quiet but strong at $21.75@22. Bacon quiet at 10, 13¾@ 14c. Lard quiet; tierces 14@14¼c; keg 15c. Dry salt scarce; shoulders 9½c. Whisky $1.19@1.22. Corn meal firmer; held at $4.07. Hams firm at 13@ 13½c.

Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, July 9.—Flour: demand steady; market firm and prices unchanged. Corn quiet at 88@ 90c for mixed and yellow. Oats quiet and firm at 67@73c for mixed and white.

Oswego.

OSWEGO, July 9.—Wheat: small demand; No 1 Milwaukee club $1.18; extra white Michigan $1.35. Corn steady at 80@82c.

Detroit.

DETROIT, July 9.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat firm: extra $1.27½@1.28½; No 1 $1.26¾@ 1.27¾. Corn dull at 70@72c. Oats firm at 60@60c.

BUFFALO, July 9.—Cattle: receipts 323 head; total for the week 7,429; no market; no sales since Thursday; nothing for sale except 4 cars of Canada through consignments; yards bare of stock. Sheep and lambs: receipts 2,400 head; total for the week 11,200 head; 5 cars only offering and disposed of; balance of arrivals through consignments; Ohio clipped sold at 5½@5¾c; Canada 5@5½c; Michigan clipped 82 lbs, on private terms; yards bare of stock. Hogs: receipts 2,200 head; total for the week 11,800; market active; all offerings disposed of; Yorkers $7.25@7.35; heavy hogs $7.25@7.50 for tops.

NEW YORK, July 9.—Beeves: receipts 986 head, making 3,640 for four days, against 4,850 same time last week; market decidedly firm at full prices; common to good $5.00@5.15; good to choice $5.65@5.75; white wheat extra $5.85@ 6.50; extra Ohio $5@7; St. Louis $5.25@5.60. Wheat better. No 2 Milwaukee $1.21@1.21½; No 1 spring $1.23@1.27; amber $1.26@1.37; white $1.32@1.46. Rye quiet at 90c@$1.07. Barley and Malt quiet. Corn: receipts 47,000 bush; firm: mixed western steamer 79@82c; do sail 78@84c. New: receipts 18,000 bush; heavy; mixed western 66@67½c; white 67@72c. Hay firm at 65@90c. Coffee quiet; 17½@20c. Sugar firm; fair to good refining 8¾@9c; prime 9¾c. Molasses dull. Rice quiet. Petroleum firmer; refined 12½@12¾c; crude 8¾@8¾c. Rosin steady at $1.70@1.80. Turpentine 32c. Pork firmer at $20.45@20.80. Beef quiet. Cut meats dull. Middles nominally; long clear western 11¾c. Lard firmer; prime steam 13¾c. Butter heavy; western 13@24c. Eggs heavy; western 20@21c. Cheese unchanged. Whisky quiet at $1.22.

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, July 9.—Cattle: receipts 48 head; market dull and dragging and prices steady for sales above $4; Texans $2@3.50; common to extra shipping $4.75@5.75; medium and good butchers' 5.50; shipments 2,600 head. Hogs: receipts 15,000 head; market active at yesterday's prices; heavy $6.75@7; light $7@7.15; shipments 4,800. Sheep: receipts 200 head; poor to choice 3@4½c.

ST. LOUIS, July 9.—Hogs firm; shippers $6.60 @6.70; butchers $7@7.25 active and steady; good native steers $5.85@6 15; medium to fair $4.85@5.- 15; good Texans $3.50@3.75.

CINCINNATI, July 9.—Hogs firm; common $6@6.75; fair to medium $7@7.10; good to extra $7.10@7.25.

Cotton.

NEW YORK, July 9.—Cotton barding at 15⅝@15⅞c; futures closed quiet; sales of 7,900 bales: July 15⅝c; August 15⅝@15 13-32c; September 15 1-16@15 3-32c; October 14 11-16@14 23-32c; November 14 9-16@14 13-32c; December 14 9-16@14 19-32c; January 14 11-16@14 23-32c; February 14 29-32@14 15-16c.

NEW YORK, July 9.—The following is the comparative cotton statement: Net receipts at all U. S. ports for the week, 6,960 bales; last year, 9,722; total to date, 2,866,344; last year, 3,734,643. Exports for the week, 26,782 bales; last year, 13,052; total exports to date, 2,611,414; last year, 2,730,349. Stock at all U. S. ports, 164,352 bales; last year, 222,982. Stock at all interior towns, 15,957 bales; last year, 32,004. Stock at Liverpool, 1,047,000 bales; last year, 999,000. Stock of American afloat for Great Britain, 92,000 bales; last year, 55,000.

NEW ORLEANS, July 9.—Cotton: demand moderate; sales of 920 bales; good ordinary to strict good ordinary 12⅝@13⅜c; low middling to strict low middling 14¼@14¾c; middling 15⅛@15⅜c; good middling to middling fair 15⅝@16⅝c; receipts 226 bales; exports coastwise 85; stock 73,000. New York sailed 900; receipts net 870; gross 2,440; exports to the continent 1,641; coastwise 699; to Great Britain 6,260.

Wool.

PHILADELPHIA, July 9.—Wool quiet; prices steady; supply light; Ohio, Pennsylvania and West Virginia double extra and above 48@50c; extra 45@48c; medium 42@43c; coarse 40@42c. New York, Michigan, Indiana and Western fine 46 @48c; medium 50@52c; coarse 45@48c; combing washed 48@50c; combing unwashed 42@c; fine unwashed 32@33½c; coarse and medium unwashed 35@36c; tub washed 50@52@c; Colorado washed 28@30c; Colorado unwashed 27@28c; extra and merino pulled 38@40c.

Dry Goods.

NEW YORK, July 9.—Woolen goods for men's wear are in steady request, and repellants are more inquired for. The general cotton goods market is quiet, but some heavy sales of fine brown cottons were made by commission houses during the week; cotton and cotton flannels are in moderate demand. Prints are slow with agents and jobbers. Low grade colored shirts and drawers are more active.

New York Highwines Market.

The week closes with a decided improvement in the highwine market, opening on the 26th ult. with sales of 250 barrels at $1.19½, and continuing steady at that price up to Thursday 1st inst., advancing to $1.20, and closing to-day firm at $1.21, with sales of 150 barrels. The stock of highwines in the country has been considerably reduced this week, with no increase of production. We estimate the present stock in bond at about 2,000 barrels, and tax-paid at 8,000 barrels, and the daily production at about 1,000 barrels. Alcohol, tax-paid, remains firm and in better demand, with sales of 600 barrels at the close of last week—salable at $2.27½@2.30 ¶ gallon. Sales of alcohol for export have been made of 150 barrels at 87c ¶ gallon for South American. Receipts of highwine and alcohol, 750 barrels. Sales do., 1,400 barrels. Average price of highwines, $1.20½; of alcohol, $2.28½. Stock on hand to-day 4,000 barrels.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI & ST. LOUIS R. R.—18 tres hams, Wm. B. Hays & Son; 86 cads tobacco, Johnson & Co; 2 bdls sp kes, Lyle & Mc; 2 bls castings, J. R. Sheriff & Son; 4 sks feathers, George Noble; 3 ½ hds tobacco, 20 caddies do, Fiscus & N; 15 ½ hhds do, Carter Bros. & Co; 8 tres hams, 4 do shoulders, John Hambach; 10 do, 10 do shoulders, W. & C. Zoller; 2 bbls eggs, P. Duff & Son; 2 bdls sacks, 1 bbls eggs, 1 kegs butter, J. H. Lob'; & Co; 100 tres hams, Reese Owens & Co; 8 cks d lead, Penna Lead Co; 15 bbls potatoes, Henry Rea Jr.; 2 bxs cigars, Kennedy & Co; 1 trunk, front, 1 safe, Hall's Safe & Lock Co; 10 tres hams, P. Hanna & Co; 2 bales cotton, Eagle Cotton Mills; 12 case indgo, G. A. Kelly & Co; 4 bdls iron, Reese Graff & Woods; 3 bbls liquor, W. H. Hill & Co; 500 bxs starch, P. Duff & Son; 1 box handles, Hubbard & Co; 4 sm s cases, Spencer McK & Co; 8 hdsteads r s ete, Edmundson & Son; 1 box meal, Walker C & Co; 8 bags rye, Scott oats, P. Duff & Son; 5 bbls s wax, Cavitt & P; 12 & Son; 3 do h ware, Logan G. & Co; 4 dog ware, Co; 10 bales hops, Gangwich & S; 3 hhds tobacco, J. L. Neve; 56 tres hams, Reese Owens & Co; 2 cars staves, F. Kober; 180 sks oats, Elwood & Mc; 30 bales b corn, Watt Lang & Co; 50 tres hams, R. Owens & Co; 20 sks flour, A. Orr; 2 bbls tallow, W. Fiscus & Son; 1 car flour and car corn, Houck McC & Co; 1 tre lard R. Owens & Co; 200 barrels flour, Watt Lang & Co; 63 sks oats, Hitchcock McC & Co; 5 cases t bacco, A. Seaub; 25 bxis flour, J. McClurg.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY R. R.—71 cars coal, N. Y & C. Co; 32 do do, Armstrong, D. & Co; 21 do do, Sable Coal Co; 14 do stone, Isabella Furnace Co; 2 do do, J. H. Walters; 2 do, Shoenberger B. & Co; 7 do lumber, W. F. Barton; 1 do, Bryar & H; 2 do, H. C. McEwin; 1 do, G. A. Mundorff; 1 do, C. Lewis; 1 do, E. J. Taylor; 1 do, T. Jones; do, Dunbar & Co; 1 do, A. J. Brown; 2 cars hay, O. H. Allerton; 1 car do, J. A. Duff; 2 do bark, W. Fiscus & Son; 1 do, J. C. Lappe & Co; 1 car brick, Carnegie Bros & Co; 1 do, Miller B. & P; 8 do r n iron, D. McKarg; 6 do of clay, Harbison & W; 1 do benzine, Peoples Gas Co; 1 do w ware, P. Duff & Son; 2 do b iron, Keystone Bridge Co; 4 do f brick, Isabella Furnace Co; 2 do ice Canal Lake I Co; 1 do staves, Jones, T. Shande; 1 do, Wm. Bangham; 4 do f brick, Edgar Thompson Stee Works.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.—1 car ¶ stone, F. Alden; 1 car lumber, He th & S; 2 bxs organs, Garrett & G; 1 casting, J. C. Bilwell; 2 organs, S. Hamilton; 14 pkgs ink, G. W. Backofen; 45 bbls b glass, Chambers & Co; 2 bxs s cases, F. Poland; 1 car s pipe, Jamison, M. Walker; 22 bags oats, McHans & A; 1 bbl eggs, J. A. Finney; 139 sks oats, James Graham; 200 do, A.

DAILY GAZETTE.

Circulation, 15,800.

THE WEEKLY GAZETTE.

The current issue of the WEEKLY GAZETTE is for sale on our counter to-day. It contains a complete *resume* of local and general news, telegraphic intelligence from every part of the world, commercial, financial, oil and cattle market reports, and editorials on all the leading topics of the day; altogether, thirty-six columns of choice reading matter, embracing subjects of interest to the lawyer, the doctor, the merchant, the mechanic, the farmer, and the family. The reputation of the GAZETTE is so thoroughly established, especially in the correctness of its commercial and market reports, that it has gained a circulation

The Largest in Western Pennsylvania.

It is, at the same time, the cheapest in the list o; weeklies of its grade. The subscription and club rates are as follows:

TERMS—Single copy, $1.75; clubs of five, $1.50. clubs of ten, $1.40; this includes postage paid by the publishers. A copy of the WEEKLY GAZETTE will be sent free to the party who acts as agent, for every ten numbers paid for.

Its especial merits are:

It contains the Latest News from all parts of the World.

Its Market Reports are prepared especially and exclusively for this journal, and are the only reliable ones published in Pittsburgh.

It is especially adapted for the Farmer, Mechanic, Merchant and general Family use.

The large circulation of the GAZETTE is attributable to the recognition of its merits, and not to the efforts of canvassers who make a business of securing names on a percentage. Postmasters at many points have acted for us, and these alone are our accredited agents. All desirous of receiving the best Weekly published in Pittsburgh should subscribe at once.

HOME NEWS.

Get Your Money Back.

By announcement in our columns of Treasurer Kilgore, taxpayers can have a deduction, for prompt payment, of five per cent. until August 1st, and during the month of August no deduction, after which ten per cent. will be added to all taxes unpaid September 1st. Be wise in time, and get back five per cent. of your money.

Child Seriously Scalded.

Shortly after noon, yesterday, an accident occurred to a little six year old daughter of Mr. C. Reiter, at his residence, No. 15 Stockton avenue, Allegheny, which, it is feared, may result very seriously. It appears that the child was playing on a porch in the rear of the house, and while running away from a little companion, she ran into the kitchen door, just as the negro servant girl, who was in the act going out with a pan full of hot water. The pan was upset by the collision, and the hot water was poured down over the head, breast and arms of the little girl, and scalded her very seriously. Dr. Wm. Herron was summoned, and did all he could to relieve the suffering of the little one.

Contracts Awarded.

The following contracts for the building of bridges have been let by the County Commissioners: Bridge across Chartiers creek, on the Steubenville pike—masonry to John Mackin, at $4.75 per perch; superstructure to T. B. White & Son, of New Brighton, at $1.39 per linear foot. This bridge is to cost between $5,000 and $6,000. The contract for the bridge over Pine Fork, at McGowan's tool shop, was awarded to Curley & Glenn at $3.50 per perch for the masonry and $4.50 per linear foot for the superstructure. This bridge is to be of wood, with a span of forty feet, and the cost will be something less than one thousand dollars.

The bridge over Spruce run was awarded to Wm. Dickson, at $5.75 per perch for the masonry and $5.30 per linear foot for the superstructure. The span will be twenty feet, and the cost about the same as the one over Pine Fork.

The "Fourth" at Florence.

The little village of Florence is situated on the Steubenville Pike, twenty-four miles from Pittsburgh, and is as pretty a village as one could wish to see. The good folks of the place had a grand celebration there on the Fourth—Monday—in celebration of the third. The celebration was held in a magnificent grove about a quarter of a mile out of town and was under the general supervision of Rev. M. S. Kendig, of the M. E. church. The affair was one of a fraternal union—all the churches and Sunday-schools and people irrespective of denominational affinities participating. There were over two hundred children from the Sunday-schools in the procession which marched to the grove, and the sight was very beautiful.

At the grove a sumptuous dinner was served, and after dinner the remainder of the day was spent in romping around, music and general hilarity. The affair was generally voted a great success and one of the most enjoyable celebrations ever gotten up in Florence.

The Monthly "Elevator."

Promptly on time this paper makes its appearance, each successive number exhibiting signs of unwearying and successful efforts on the part of the publishers to commend it more and more to public favor. The present number presents an entirely new picture in the initial illustration, consisting of a very accurate view of Bunker Hill Monument and also of the old State House at Philadelphia, in which the Declaration of Independence was proclaimed. The views are well executed and are appropriate to this Centennial era. The editorials are very creditable and the selections judicious. The politics of the *Elevator* are radical Republican, which insures it a liberal support from that party, every man of which, whether white or colored, should encourage. Messrs. Neale and Johnson in their efforts to elevate their race and to do all in their power to promote the success of the Republican party and its candidates. We suggest that the State and County Executive Committees should adopt the *Elevator* as one of their campaign papers, and purchase for special distribution several hundred copies.

DEATH FROM HEART DISEASE.

A Young Lady Found Dead Sitting in a Chair.

Last evening about six o'clock Annie Corle, a domestic who was employed at the residence of C. L. Stoner, Esq., at No. 139 Grant avenue, Allegheny, went down stairs into the kitchen for the purpose of preparing supper for the family. Miss Corle's friends, after she had descended the stairs a number of the family followed, and on going into the kitchen found Miss Corle sitting on a chair a corpse. As she had been in perfect health for some time, Coroner Gilbert's jury rendered a verdict in accordance therewith last night. Deceased was about twenty-two years of age.

GUNPOWDER ACCIDENT.

Painful Injury Inflicted Upon a Little Boy.

Another accident from the careless use of gunpowder occurred yesterday afternoon, and the result may yet be the loss of a little boy's eyes. About three o'clock a number of lads were playing with toy pistols in Cherry alley, near Fourth avenue, and during the course of the fun one of them put gunpowder in Charley Buiger's weapon. He fired it at Albert R. Yates, a boy about twelve years of age, who received the discharge full in his face and sustained very severe injuries about the eyes. He was carried into the office of Dr. Rogers where remedies were applied, and afterward taken to the home of his mother, a widow, who resides at the corner of Third avenue and Smithfield street. The physician thinks the lad will certainly lose one of his eyes and possibly both.

DROWNED.

Death of a Little Boy at the Foot of Eleventh Street.

A little boy named Willie Colmer, while bathing in the Allegheny river, at the foot of Eleventh street, yesterday evening, got beyond his depth and was drowned. He was unable to swim, and getting upon a pier of the old bridge which used to span the river just above where the railroad bridge now is, and which is but a little below the water, he disported there for a while, but finally stepped over the edge and into deep water, drowning before assistance could reach him. A protracted search was made for the body, but at last accounts it had not been recovered. When the boy's mother learned of his death she went to the wharf, and it was with difficulty that she was prevented from throwing herself into the river. The intense agony of the poor woman at the loss of her son was a sad and pitiful sight. The search for the remains will likely be resumed this morning.

LICENSE REFUSED.

The Mayor Declines to Authorize an Exhibition at Hogan's Gymnasium.

George Rooke, whose name was recently so frequently mentioned in connection with Tom. Allen's about a certain prize fight that never took place, arrived in Pittsburgh yesterday afternoon and is advertised to appear this evening in a sparring exhibition at Ben. Hogan's gymnasium, on Fourth avenue, though it is questionable whether the exhibition will now be given for the reason that Hogan made application to the Mayor yesterday afternoon for an license authorizing him to give the entertainment and it was refused, but on what grounds our reporter did not hear. However, it is said that the muscular and scientific display will take place, regardless of the Mayor's declination to issue a license, but if it does it will be a direct violation of the city ordinance which plainly and distinctly sets forth that no exhibition of any kind whatever, to see which a sum of money is required, shall be given without a permit.

With your ice cream eat the Macaroons, Cocoanut Drops and Lady Fingers, manufactured by S. S. Marvin & Co. These goods are sold by many of the grocers, and at 91 and 93 Liberty street, at prices which are not extravagant.

The Arcadian.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

Organization for 1875-6—List of Officers and Members—The Time of Meeting

The Chairmen of the late Republican County Conventions, Messrs. William Blakeley, Samuel P. Fulton, John G Mac-Connell and John G. Trimble met Friday and appointed the County Executive Committee for 1875-6, as published below. It was decided that the Committee should meet at headquarters, Lincoln Club Room, this city, on Tuesday, 20th inst., at eleven o'clock A. M.:

CHAIRMAN—RUSSELL ERRETT.

VICE CHAIRMEN.

Thos. M. Marshall,	Henry M. Long,
Alex. Patterson,	C. S. Fetterman,
T. J. Bigham,	Wm. B. Hays, Jr.,
Wm. H. Graham,	John Gilfillan,
S. H. Geyer,	Jos. M. Gazzam,
Wm. E. Harrison,	William Jones,
B. B. Coursin,	Wm. C. Moreland,
James McBrier,	Wm. Blakeley.

SECRETARIES.

Frank P. Case,	John A. McQuaide,
I. N. Patterson,	R. S. Frazier,
R. D. Barker,	Norman M. Smith,
Marshall Brown,	Arthur L. Thomas,
H. H. Byram,	C. E Locke,

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

Chairman—H. W. Oliver, Jr.
Secretary—Frank P. Case.

John Chalfant,	C. W. Batchelor,
John S. Slagle,	Joseph Walton,
M. W. Beltzhoover,	Dr. A. H. Gross,
Hugh S. Fleming,	R. C. Gray,
John McD. Crossan,	John S. Robb,
B. F. Jones,	John Chiselett,
Joseph Dilworth,	James A. Chambers,
Alfred Slack,	David McCandless,
Henry Lloyl,	C. L. Magee,
Thomas Steel,	Thomas H. Hunter,
Jacob H. Walter,	John Fitzsimmons,
Wm. B. Negley,	Arthur Hobson,
Col. T. M. Bayne,	Hugh McNeill,
James L. Graham,	James Littell,
Andrew Smith,	W. W. Thompson,
John R. McCune,	T. MacConnell, Jr.,
E. P. Jones,	Joseph Hastings,
Major A. M. Brown,	John H Trimble,
Wilson McCandless,	John H. Hare

PITTSBURGH.

First Ward—David Campbell, W. B. Hunter, John Peck.

Second Ward—Wm. M. DeCamp, Thomas S. Bigelow, Robert McCutcheon.

Third Ward—G. La Beaum, Peter Dressler.

Fourth Ward—Wm. R. Brown, Jr., Wm. McGhee, W. A. Kiskaddin.

Fifth Ward—A. W. Smith, T. M. Gillespie, John F. Moore.

Sixth Ward—George Lindermat, Daniel F. Sherry, Wm. Flinn, R. H. Lee, Edward Everson.

Seventh Ward—E. C. Mathews, Jas. Williams, George W. Wilson.

Eighth Ward—John S. Lambie, J. G. Little, Samuel Shore, John Knowland, Westley White.

Ninth Ward—James Boyd, Jas. Y. Irwin, Samuel Ellison.

Tenth Ward—Robert Giles, David Beck.

Eleventh Ward—Harry Hoffer, Samuel P. Fulton, Jos. W. Lewis, Wm. McConway, W. J. Dicht, Charles Armsteer.

Twelfth Ward—Samuel Mitchell, J. F. Rivers, Christian Ludwig, W. H. Kober.

Thirteenth Ward—Thomas J. Gatewood, John Shannon, Wm. House.

Fourteenth Ward—J. Vaunote, H. H. McCormick, Nelson Davis, E. D. Wilt, J. W. Jones.

Fifteenth Ward—John A. Fox, Louis Lewis, A. L. Pearson.

Sixteenth Ward—John E. Jones, David Harris, Samuel McKinley, R. M. Dalzel, S. H. Morgan.

Seventeenth Ward—J. S. Cook, George R. Pearson, Samuel McElroy, Wm. Leudenourg.

Eighteenth Ward—Charles W. Lewis, P. W. Shubert.

Nineteenth Ward—John G. MacConnell, Frederick Luiy, C. B. Seely, J. H. McClelland.

Twentieth Ward—Henry Baum, David Aiken, jr., Levi B. Richards.

Twenty-first Ward—William Sprague, Jacob Hartman, Jared M. Brush.

Twenty-second Ward—Wm. Alderson, J. H. Miller.

Twenty-third Ward—Himan Frank, R. J. Wilson.

Twenty-fourth Ward—John Larimer, Wm. McClurg.

Twenty-fifth Ward—Joseph Chambers, R. E. Mercer, R. B. Brown.

Twenty-sixth Ward—John N. Jarrett, Philip Heerr, Jas. D. Reed, Henry Walker.

Twenty-seventh Ward—R. E. Dalzell, Andrew Bender.

Twenty-eighth Ward—Robert Scott, Thos. Bingey, Dr. J. W. Riggs.

Twenty-ninth Ward—Henry Doyle, J. M. Schaffer.

Thirtieth Ward—Miles S. Humphreys, Thos. Evans.

Thirty-first Ward—John Thomas.

Thirty-second Ward—Jacob Soffal, Nathan S. Stoker.

Thirty-third Ward—Thomas Reese.

Thirty-fourth Ward—R. H. Hemiup.

Thirty-fifth Ward—Christian Boehmer, John L. Vaughn.

Thirty-sixth Ward—Samuel H. French, W. C. Taylor, Evan Jones.

Thirty-seventh Ward—Wm. Anderson, John J. Walker.

ALLEGHENY.

First Ward—Ormsby Phillips, Thos. Neely, C. D. Smith, J. Erastus McKelvey.

Second Ward—W. B. Rogers, Russell Miller, J. K. Hunter, Robert Patton, Wm. Draher, Samuel D. Sholes.

Third Ward—James D. Walker, Edward Wibley, Hugh Renwick, D. L. Smith, W. H. Loughry, A. Neale, B. F. Puipress, N. H. Voeghty.

Fourth Ward—Abe Patterson, John Fielding, J. C. Mark, J. C. Hetzel, Samuel Haziett, Wm. Ansbury, W. C. Smythe.

Fifth Ward—David Heath, James Lindsay, Wm. C. Cook.

Sixth Ward—W. W. Tyson, John D. Stone, Thomas Harper, D. W. Riggs, Wm. Tate.

Seventh Ward—Frank Houpft, Henry Su-aman, C. C Hax.

Eighth Ward—Henry Nesmith, George Monk.

Ninth Ward—John Richards.

Tenth Ward—George Snaman, Basil Barker.

Eleventh Ward—W. Woolsey.

BOROUGHS.

McKeesport—W. A. Dunshee, Jas. O'Neill, Joseph Stone.

Braddocks—A Dempster.

Bellevue—J. J. McCormick.

Chartiers—Wm. Hill.

Etna—John Bair.

Elizabeth—Josiah Speer.

Millvale—John Davis.

Mansfield—David Steel.

Sewickley—Robert Glancey.

Sharpsburg—Dr. C. A. W. Redlick, J. W. Over.

Turentum—R. V. Humes.

Verona—A. H. Rowand, J. W. Bartley.

West Elizabeth—W. K. Hobson.

West Bellevue—Jas S. Smith.

TOWNSHIPS.

Baldwin—J. B. Risher, Melchoir Verner.

Chartiers—Newton Petrie.

Crescent—James Davis.

Collier—William McKean.

Elizabeth—Samuel Scott, Alex. Gregg, J. R. Copeland, J. A Watson.

East Deer—E. C. Miller, James Davis.

Franklin—Samuel Sarver.

Fawn—Robert M. Gibson.

Hudley—George Burns.

Forward—Wilson Shrader.

Hampton—D. McCullough.

Harrison—Frank Vance.

Harmer—James Armstrong.

Indiana—W. W. Shaw.

Jefferson—Wm. West, S. J. Chamberlain.

Kilbuck—Geo. R. Slater, Jas. Robinson.

Lot—Wm. L. Jones.

Lower St. Clair—Fred. Hamps, Jno. Paul.

Lincoln—H. G. Edmundson.

Miffin—W. J. Snodgrass, Anthony Bell, Jas. McDonald.

Moon—Wm. H. Guy.

Marshall—John P. Richie.

McCandless—Wm. Ramage.

North Fayette—Vincent Miller.

Negville—Wm. A. Shanks.

North Versailles—Robert McCracken.

Ohio—J. M. Crawford.

O'Hara—Henry Cordier.

Penn—J. M G. McClung.

Pine—M. B. Mitchell.

Pine—Andrew English, Jr.

Patton—Dr. Jas. Hunter, Jas. Carothers.

Robinson—Isaac M. Ross, Andrew. B. Young.

Ross—C. B. Gillespie, Peter Ivery.

Reserve—Christ. Beckert, Wm. Neeb.

Richland—Sam. Allison.

Shaler—C. Bauerline, John Herron.

South Versailles—David Shaw, John L. Penny.

Sewickley—Henry Murray.

South Fayette—W. A. Harriott.

Scott—R. F. Smythe, D. K. McKnight.

Upper St. Clair—Dr. W. J. Gilmore, J. P. Higby.

Union—Samuel S. Steele.

Wilkins—W. F. McKelvey, John Hill.

West Deer—G. C. Magill.

CHANGED HIS TUNE.

A Prosecutor In a Case Ltd to the Mayor's Office.

In our issue of yesterday mention was made of a charge of aggravated assault and battery being lodged before Alderman Logan by one John Baer against officer Murray. The case came up for a hearing last evening before the magistrate, and the officer waived a hearing and entered bail for Court. The prosecutor was on hands, and after the case had been disposed of, officer Murray took Baer into custody and escorted him to the Mayor's office to answer to a charge of biting his thumb while taking him to the Central station at the time the alleged aggravated assault was committed. When the young man found himself a prisoner it made quite a change in his countenance, as he little expected to find himself in the clutches of the law, while he was prosecuting one for what appeared to him a grave offense.

The Arcadian.

Cole's Circus Coming

And neither the young, nor the old should visit the entertainment beforehand, but provide themselves with the neatest and best of boots and shoes, which can be had in perfect elegance and beauty, and at wholesale prices at the cheapest of the cheap, shoe store of R. Taggart, No. 129 Federal street, Allegheny. Better boots and shoes at lower rates than at any house in the two cities. Excellence and cheapness—specialties.

Ho, for Cape May.

But remember that stylish suits will be all the go there, and such suits as are manufactured by B. Tiegel No. 53 Smithfield street, will be the most appropriate for that locality. Tiegel's suits have a marked beauty of appearance by whom-ever worn. Prices to suit the pocket.

The Arcadian.

AMONG THE CHURCHES.

Brief Notes of Matters Personal and Otherwise.

SUNDAY school picnic are now the order of the day.

THE summer hegira has thinned out many of the churches.

MANY Sunday School workers hereabouts are looking Chatauquawards.

THERE will be no services in the Sixth U. P. Church (East End) to-morrow.

REV. HIRAM MILLER, D. D., will preach in Wesley M. E. Chapel to-morrow morning.

THE Rev. Henry Fulton will preach in the Second Presbyterian church, Penn avenue, to-morrow morning.

THE Rev. Miss Chapin of the Universalist church, will preach on The Gospel of John to-morrow morning.

IT will be "quarterly meeting" day at the Arch street M. E. Church to-morrow. Rev. Dr. S. H. Nesbitt will preach in the morning.

THE Sabbath School connected with the First U. P. Church, Allegheny, (Rev W. J. Robinson, pastor), held its annual picnic at Moulter Grove yesterday.

REV. J. A. MILLER will preach once respectively in Ames M. E. Church and St. Paul M. E. Church to-morrow—it being quarterly meeting day at these churches.

AT at late meeting of the Board of Trustees of Wilson Female College, at Chambersburg, Rev. Thomas H. Robinson, D. D., pastor of the First Church of Harrisburg, was elected President.

THERE will be service in the Lutheran church, corner of Stockton avenue and Arch street, Allegheny, to-morrow morning at 10:30 o'clock. In the evening Rev. Prof. Wolff, of Gettsburg, will preach.

THE First Methodist church, Allegheny, have extended a call to the Rev. W. R. Cowl, of Sharpsburg. He is the son of the Rev. Wm. Cowl, at one time pastor of the First Methodist church, this city.

REV. L. D. MCCABE, D. D., acting President of the Ohio Wesleyan University at Delaware, Ohio, has been honored with the degree of LL. D., by the Syracuse University, at Syracuse, N. Y., of which Rev. Dr. E. O. Haven is President.

REV. H. D. FERGUSON, rector of St. James Protestant Episcopal Church, corner of Sixteenth street and Penn avenue, will preach to-morrow morning at 10:30 o'clock, to the Orangemen of both cities. Subject—"Anniversary of the Boyne."

A REVIVAL work has been in progress for some time in the church of West Alexander, Presbytery of Washington, Rev. W. H. Lester, pastor. In April, 31 were received on profession of faith, and last Sabbath week 14 more were added.

REV. G. W. ZAHNIZER, pastor of the Presbyterian church in Connueautville, on parting with his church at Huntingdon, after a continuous service of twenty years, was presented with a purse of over one thousand dollars by members of his congregation.

COMMUNION SERVICE in the Fourth U. P. Church, corner of Penn avenue and Seventeenth street, to-morrow, immediately following the regular morning service. The pastor, Rev. John Galley, will be assisted by Rev. Wm. M. Coleman. Second service at 7:45 P. M.

DURING the absence of Rev. Dr. S. M. Vernon in Europe next month, his pulpit at the Emory M. E. church, East End, will be filled by Prof. A. B. Hyde, of Allegheny College. Prof. Hyde is a fine scholar and has the reputation of being a fluent and eloquent preacher.

REV. E. B. SNYDER, pastor of the North avenue M. E. Church, Allegheny, returned from his California trip on yesterday, and will occupy his pulpit to-morrow morning. In the evening Rev. Dr. S. H. Nesbitt will conduct the services—it being the quarterly meeting occasion.

ON the third Sunday in this month the pulpit of the Second U. P. Church of this city will be filled, officially left vacated in accordance with the resignation of Rev. Mr. Hanna. On the same day also the pulpit of the Ninth U. P. Church will be declared vacant— the present incumbent, Rev. Mr. Andrews, having resigned.

THE Lutheran street Sabbath school room having been closed for renovation and refrescoing, will be reopened on Sunday afternoon at three o'clock. Addresses will be made by Rev. B. F. Brooke, pastor of Christ M. E. Church, Rev. C. Cook, D. D., former pastor of Liberty street Church and others, and some good singing by the school.

A MEMORIAL HALL, in memory of Dr. Watts, the best known of all hymn writers, is now in course of erection, on a very spot the sweet lyrist occupied as a garden, in Southampton, England. The corner stone was laid on the 6th of May. This hall, which will be mainly designed for school purposes, will be capable of accommodating one thousand persons.

THE members and friends of the Castle Shannon Camp Meeting Association will hold a basket picnic on their grounds at Castle Shannon, next Tuesday. All persons desiring to purchase lots or secure tents for the purpose of attending the approaching camp meeting, will be passed over the railroad free. The train will leave the Washington at 9:30 A. M.

REV. WESLEY KENNEY, D. D., formerly well known in Pittsburgh and vicinity, died at Smyrna, Delaware, June 24th. He entered the Pittsburgh M. E. Conference in 1833 and at once took rank as an able preacher, filled many of the best appointments, and was many years ago transferred to the East, where he has continued to be a faithful and successful worker till his death, with the exception of a year or two, when he was laid aside by ill-health.

THE Rev. C. H. Paine, D. D., pastor of St. Paul's M. E. church, Cincinnati, Ohio, has been unanimously elected President of the Ohio Wesleyan University at Delaware, Ohio. Dr. Paine is a graduate of this Wesleyan University of Middletown, Conn., has filled the pulpits of some of the finest churches in his denomination, and as a thinker is recognized as one of the leading minds of his church. He will enter upon his duties at the commencement of the next collegiate year.

MESSRS. Graham of Butler and Taylor of Erie, graduates of the General Theological Seminary of the P. E. church, this city, were at ten o'clock yesterday morning ordained Deacons by Bishop Kerfoot. The Bishop was assisted by the present rector of the church, Rev. Spaulding, of St. Peter's, Rev. Mr. Meech, of Christ church, Allegheny, and three other ministers. There was a moderate sized audience present, composed largely of members from other churches. One of the features of the impressive occasion was the music.

THE seventh session of the Pittsburgh Sunday School Teachers' Normal Class will be held at the Smithfield street M. E. Church next Tuesday evening, July 13th. Subject, "Outlines of Bible History and Chronology." Mr. Chas. Richardson, of Bingham street (South Side), of this city, conductor. Strangers as well as members of the class are invited to participate in the exercises. The meeting this day has been interesting and instructive, and the seventh session promises to be as entertaining and profitable as any of its predecessors.

ON Sunday, the 4th inst., at the Convent Chapel of the Sisters of Mercy, on Webster avenue, the following young ladies received the White Veil and Habit of the Order, from the Rev. William Pollard, pastor of St. John's Church, Birmingham, Archiesclasiatical Superior of the Community: Miss Mary Mullady, (in religion Sister Mary Basil.) Miss Mary Buckly, (in religion Sister Mary Eusebia.) Miss Mary Anderson, (in religion Sister Mary Pius.) Miss Mary Easley, (in religion Sister Mary Raymond.) and Miss Margaret Scanlon, (in religion Sister Mary Cosmas).

AT the communion last Sabbath in the Hoboken U. P. church, there was an addition of six to the membership. Rev. James Price is pastor. Nearly two-thirds of the congregation attend the weekly prayer-meeting. The pastor has recently organized an adult Bible class in which considerable interest is taken. The minister's salary is paid promptly every month without any aid from the Home Mission Board, although the membership is comparatively small, and besides upwards, of five hundred dollars extra have been raised during the past year for repairs and other special demands over necessary expenses.

AMUSEMENTS.

Germania Garden.

The programme for the musical concert to be given this evening at the Germania Garden, in Allegheny, at the north end of the Suspension bridge, is the best yet prepared, and the entertainment will doubtless be the finest since the opening of this now popular resort. The Garden has literally leaped into public favor, and is patronized by large crowds daily and nightly. The fact that the music will be by the Germania Orchestra is a sufficient guarantee that it will prove artistic and meritorious.

Cole's Circus.

In another column will be found the advertisement of Cole's Zoological and Equestrian Exposition, which opens on Thursday next, in Allegheny City, at the lot on the corner of South avenue and School street. The combination, which will be the first of its character to appear in this vicinity this season, comprises many first-class and original features. It will remain three days, Thursday, Friday and Saturday. Its greatest mechanical wonder is a steam man.

The Arcadian.

Costly Thy Habit, as Thy Purse, &c.

Where a merchant tailoring house has attained to the rank of first-class by reason of the excellence of its suits, many are deterred, and especially so in these slow times, from patronizing it, having the belief that first-class goods necessarily involve high prices. As a rule, this may be true, but there are a few exceptions, one of which, for the benefit of our readers, we will point out. We refer to the Number One establishment of T. Scandrett & Co., No. 225 Liberty street, where, although the goods used could be of no better grade, and the care bestowed on their manufacture no more attentive, and the fit no more perfect, yet the prices charged are no more than are charged by others for shoddy suits of bungling make up.

The Arcadian.

Cheap Dry Goods.

Entire stock offered to close up the season. Many goods far below the cost of importation. Special bargains in Parasols and Sun Umbrellas.

A large lot of Black Hernanis and Grenadines under the Gold cost.

Black Dress Goods a speciality.

J. B. HEARD & CO.,
Cash House. No. 52 Sixth street.

The Arcadian.

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BREVITIES.

Paragraphic Pencilings of Passing Events.

····The good people of New Brighton are much pestered by pilfering thieves.

····At a meeting of the Forbes District school directors held last evening, Miss Maggie Flinn was elected a teacher to fill a vacancy.

····The Committee on Machinery, of the Water Committee, meets this evening to consider the matter of the defective valve chambers.

····The Mayor, at the request of Owen Carney, yerterday sent James Carney, an eleven year old lad, to the School of Reform for incorrigibility.

····The hearing in the case of John Murphy, charged before Mayor Phillips with interfering with an officer, has been postponed until this morning at nine o'clock.

····The receiving house of the American Oil Works, near Sharpsburg, was burned down on Thursday night, together with a tank containing a considerable quantity of oil.

····Alderman John M. Schaffer committed William McKerns and Morris Carlile yesterday for trial at Court on a charge of felonious assault and battery, preferred by James Bryer.

····John McKee was plaintiff in a disorderly conduct suit before the Mayor yesterday. A lad named Allen struck the inimitable orthographist and the Mayor fined him five dollars and costs.

····The death of George Brown, the champion oarsman of America, caused the deepest regret among the boating men of Pittsburgh, all of whom esteemed him as an upright and honorable man.

····The case of the alleged ill treatment of a feeble minded girl at Hazlewood has elicited considerable attention, and it is said that an effort will be made to get her parents to send her to Dixmont, or some other asylum, for suitable treatment.

····The Orangemen are making extensive preparations for the coming parade, which takes place Monday next. Should the weather prove propitious it is anticipated that the display this year will be the finest ever made by the organization in this city.

····A meeting of the surviving members of Company K, Ninth Pennsylvania Reserves, will be held at the Allegheny City Building next Friday evening to make arrangements for attending the reunion of the battalion at McKee's Rocks on the 28th instant.

····The Mutual base ball club, of Meadville, has been very unsuccessful since it left home, having been defeated in nearly every game it has visited. It met with another reverse on Wednesday at the hands of the High Boys of Harrisburg, the score standing 15 to 10.

····The residence of Rody Patterson, Jr., in the First ward, which is now unoccupied, was broken into last night by thieves, a gold watch and chain and a lot of wearing apparel stolen. The thieves are thought to be the same who recently ransacked the dwelling of Mr. A. K. Nimick.

····The sand bar at the mouth of Saw Mill Run is being removed by a dredging fleet, under command of Captain Cheester, of the U. S. service. When it has been taken away, he will dredge the channel of the Ohio at White's Riffle, Deadmans, Beaver Shoals and Line Islands.

····A corps from the Civil Engineer's office is at work fixing the boundaries of the South Side hill wards. The work has been found to be exceedingly difficult, owing to the conflicting statements of those who should be guided by the old boundaries of the old boroughs now included in this city.

····The Gas Committee met yesterday afternoon and ordered the June bills of the various gas companies to be paid. It also directed the removal of the burners and stop cocks from the gas posts in the Thirty-seventh ward, and authorized the removal of the posts to such parts of the city as may need them.

····Harry Moore, a South Side constable, waived a hearing yesterday before the Mayor on a charge of interfering with an officer, and two charges of assault and battery, and gave $300 bail to each case for trial at Court. The former was instituted by officer Joseph Greiner, and the latter by officer Preuig and J. M. Hartzell.

····The shoe shop of John Koehler, at No. 5, Ninth street, was entered on Thursday night, while the proprietor was at a lodge meeting. Returning home about ten o'clock, he saw the door open, and stepped in to ascertain what was up. Just as he did so some one from the inside struck at him, hitting him on the arm, and then escaped out the window.

····Two married men visited the Mayor's office yesterday and stated that they had been taken in to the amout of forty dollars on Thursday night, at a house of ill repute on Third avenue. They wanted to get their money back if possible, but as they preferred to make an informantion, and declined to give their proper names, they were told to seek justice elsewhere.

····The matter of the assessment for the opening and grading of Hazlewood avenue was before the Board of Viewers yesterday, and interested property holders were heard. The total damages amount to $1,705.22, and this amount has been assessed on property between the Monongahela river and Second avenue at the rate of sixteen cents per foot front, and on that lying above at nineteen cents per foot. Some objections were made to the assessment, but no serious opposition was manifested.

····The libel case of Mr. McCandless vs. the *Post* has been settled by arbitration. The *Post* published an item which the Doctor thought reflected upon him. Suit was entered, but the matter was finally submitted to three arbitrators. It was shown that the article had not been published in malice, and that ample retraction of it had subsequently been made. Accordingly after a full discussion of the case, the arbitrators settled the damages at $250, which we understand has been accepted all around as satisfactory.

PERSONAL.

···Eph. Morris is now the foremost of America's oarsmen.

···Mr. Joseph Reeves, a prominent citizen of New Brighton, died a few days ago.

···Mr. McElroy, of the Western Union Telegraph office, and connected with the Associated Press, leaves this morning for a ten days' sojourn in the east. May pleasure and recuperation be the result of his sojournings.

···Mr. Thomas Hindman, a member of the Allegheny county bar, will start with his family to-day to make a six weeks tour through Indiana, Jefferson and other northern counties—to hunt, fish, rest and rusticate.

···The degree of M. A. has just been conferred by Lewisburg University upon Wm. Rogers, Esq., of Leechburgh, Pa. Mr. Rogers has distinguished himself by his scientific discoveries in the manufacture of iron in Russia and the United States.

THE A. M. E. ZION CHURCH.

The Third Day's Session of the Allegheny Conference—The Case of Rev. Mr. Matthews.

The third day's session of the Allegheny Conference of the A. M. E. Zion Church commenced yesterday morning at the usual hour, Bishop J. J. Moore presiding. The opening devotional exercises were conducted by the Rev. M. Knox.

Reports were received from the ministers of the State line work in their respective churches and circuits. The reports were received and filed.

Bishop Clinton, of New York, gave an account of the condition of the Book Concern, and urged the importance of sustaining it and their Church organ. He thought they could easily do it, as they had a membership in the A. M. E. Zion connection of over 270,000.

The Committee on Complaints then made the following report:

The Committee in the case of Miss Jennie Ayer and Rev. D. B. Matthews entered upon the consideration of the report of the Investigating Committee as submitted to them by this Conference, with the following results:

1. They find that the proceedings of the Investigating Committee were in accordance with the constitution and discipline of our Church.

2. That their suspension of the said Rev. D. B. Matthews during the interval of conference is justified by the evidence taken by said committee.

And lastly your committee hereby most respectively recommend that this conference consider and determine the case, all of which, together with the papers of the lower court or investigating committee, are herewith most respectively submitted.

JOHN PRICE, Chairman.
JAMES ROSS,
J. M. YUG,
S. M. WAY.

HENRY M. WILSON, Secretary.

The report was accepted and arrangements made for trial of the case. The trial will take place this morning, commencing at nine o'clock. M. M. Bell appears for the prosecution and B. F. Pulpress for the defendant. It will be held with closed doors.

The lay delegates next went into Convention to elect two of their members as delegates to the electoral Conference, which is to meet in Louisville in June, 1876. For the district west of the mountains B. F. Pulpress was elected as delegate, with John H. Wilson as substitute. For the district east of the mountains, Jas. Carter; A. H. Harris, substitute. The Conference approved the action of the Convention.

Adjourned until this morning.

The Arcadian.

The Demand Increasing.

The success and efficiency of the Fire Extinguisher, invented by Dr. J. H. Connelly, of this city, has brought it into public favor, and the demand at home and abroad is far ahead of that for any similar invention ever before the public. This is an article of genuine merit, and must soon come into general use.

The Arcadian.

Of Undoubted Excellence.

The Water and Sewer Pipe and all other Terra Cotta manufactures of N. U. Walker & Co., No. 372 Penn street, are possessed of every quality constituting excellence, and give universal satisfaction in all cases.

The Arcadian.

Suitable for the Season.

Books in great variety of style and subject matter, suitable for summer reading, may be had at very lowest figures at the Book and News Emporium of W. A. Gildendeny, No. 69 Fifth avenue. All popular works received as soon as published.

The Arcadian.

MATRIMONIAL OUTRAGE.

A Green German Couple Married Without Their Knowledge.

Yesterday at noon there made their appearance at the Connellsville Railroad depot, on the corner of Grant and Water streets, a party of Germans, more or less fresh from the Faderland, but all of whom just hailed from Saxonburg, Butler county. Among them was a comely, though somewhat simple looking, damsel of about as many summers of experience in this life as there are States in our National Union. She was, according to the views of a couple of male friends who appeared to have charge of the party, of which she was the only female member, a fit subject for matrimony, and a very verdant German was found to whom her friends at once gave away her hand. The fellow did not have any knowledge as to what he was about when he was confronted by her two quasi friends and requested to abide with her for a time, until they should go up town on some business. They left the non-speaking English couple in the waiting room of the depot, and soon after returned, accompanied by an urbane and courteous Alderman, to whom they had declared that the party wanted to be joined in wedlock, and to accomplish that laudable purpose had desired his magisterial assistance. The Alderman invited the couple over to the parlors of a hotel adjacent, and there proceeded, with the aid of the attendant Germans who had summoned his services, to tie the indissoluble knot. After some expostulation made by the German, the bride handed over to the interpreter a five dollar bill, who gave it to the officiating magistrate, who smilingly left, thinking that he had made two hearts more one in harmony and happiness

But here comes in the singular part of the episode. The two friends who had managed all the details of the impromptu wedding made their disappearance, leaving the newly married couple behind to be informed by strangers that they were freshly made man and wife under the laws of the State. The woman cried and the groom swore that they both were duped and deceived, never having contemplated getting married and not knowing what they were doing when before the Alderman. The husband took the next train for the East and left his wife all alone in her glory, among strangers at the hotel who deeply sympathized with her in the dilemma she was placed. She states that she had been employed some six months as housekeeper by a wealthy German farmer in Saxonburg, whom she learned to love not wisely but too well. She was enticed to visit the city, and the wedding, it is thought, was the means adopted for getting her out of the pathway of the festive widower. She avers that she never knew her betrayed acquired husband previous to the performance of the marriage ceremony, and she exonerates him as being as ignorant of the trick played on herself, both being entirely destitute of any